Programme Handbook BRICKFIELDS ASIA COLLEGE

UKT BUSINESS TRANSFER PROGRAMME BUSINESS SCHOOL PROGRAMME DURATION 2 YEARS N/345/6/0262 MQA/PA 2072

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A Note on this Handbook

This handbook applies to all students taking the UK Business Transfer Programme.

This programme is approved by MQA on the 31st Mac 2016

The approval code for this programme is MQA/FA 2072

Currently, this programme has been given its Provisional Accreditation.

It provides a guide to what is expected of you on this programme, and the academic and personal support available to you. Please retain for future reference.

The information provided in this handbook is accurate at time of preparation. Any necessary revisions will be notified to students via our website and social media.

Please note that, in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the General Regulations published in the College Calendar and information contained in course handbooks, the provisions of the General Regulations will prevail.

Introduction

Brickfields Asia College (BAC) has established itself as the Fastest & Smartest Way to UK Law & Business degrees. The college has established an excellent reputation as a provider of quality education and its graduates are highly sought after by local and international firms in both the public and private sectors.

BAC currently has partnerships and affiliations with more than 25 foreign universities and professional organisations, offering its students access to over 100 world-class Law and Business degrees and professional qualifications that can be completed either locally or abroad.

BAC's students have swept multiple World and National Awards at pre-university, university and post graduate levels over the past three years. The college's A-level students, Amanda Kong Hwei Zhen and Judith Pretha received the Cambridge Learner Awards for the Best Student in the World for Law for 2013 and 2012 respectively, while Sharon Lau Foong Yee received the Cambridge Learner Awards for the Best Student in the World for Business Studies. BAC students also secured 70 First Class Honours (LLB) degrees over the past 3 years from the partner universities. Since 2005, BAC's CLP students secured every Tun Hamid Omar Foundation Award for Best Overall Student as well as 50 out of 62 Book Prizes and 51 out of 63 Second Uppers awarded.

In 2013, BAC opened its new RM110 million campus in Petaling Jaya which has provided an engaging experience for students looking to have a balance between studying and leading a fun student life. This campus houses the Brickfields Business School which offers degree programmes in business management, business accounting, finance and dual honours such as Business and Law, Business and Marketing and Business and Economics.

BAC was awarded the Brand Laureate Best Brand in Legal Education for 2012 and 2013 as well as the SME Recognition Award 2013 for Service Excellence. In 2014, BAC was awarded the SME Corporate Social Responsibility Excellence Award and the SME 100 Award honouring Malaysia's Fast Moving Companies. These awards are testament to BAC's commitment to making every student's educational experience at the college an enjoyable, rewarding and successful one.

Staff Contacts

Head of School/Programme Renuka Menon

renuka@bac.edu.my

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Shalini Mathavan shalini@bac.edu.my

Registrar

Nur Ilyani Abdul Halim

ilyani@bac.edu.my

• Record Department

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Praveenah@bac.edu.my

Revathi Muthu

Revathi@bac.edu.my

PTPTN Officers

➤ Mohd Ridzwan

Ridzwan@bac.edu.my

Feedback

For any feedbacks in relation to the programme students may write to the email below:

feedback@bac.edu.my

General School Information

School specific facilities

BAC PJ Campus

Located 5 minutes away from the Asia Jaya LRT station, VSQ @ PJ City Centre represents a significant milestone for BAC. The new campus offers law and business programmes. it also hosts state-of-the-art teaching and learning facilities desgined to provide students with a unique learning experience and vibrant campus environment.

Library

The BAC library is well stocked and provides access to an extensive collection of law reference materials, law books, statutes, regulations, law reports, databases, journals, law-related audio and video materials as well as an E-library collection.

The college offers full reference services and research assistance to students, faculty and visitors. Help is available during working hours, either in person, via telephone or by email. Wireless access and computing facilities with the latest technology are also available in the library for the purpose of completing projects and assignments.

Computer Labs

State-of-the-art computer laboratories have been set up at the new BAC Student Resource Centre. The laboratories are equipped with highspeed internet access and network points. For their research purposes, students are able to access various online databases such as Lexis Nexis and Westlaw.

School website and location of notice boards

Students can access important and current information from our website at www.bac.edu.my.

In addition to digital media notifications, we also update the information in relation to the college and course in all our notice boards and digital boards. Further students are sent emails and sms if there are urgent matters that needs your attention.

Students are expected to complete all personal details in the College Management System. Once the details are completed students will be issued with a student card containing their matrix number. All correspondences will be communicated also vide the CMS, Course Coordinators and Programme Directors.

The students can have access to the following information which will be useful for their studies:

- a. Academic Calendar
- b. Daily timetable
- c. Semester breaks
- d. E Resources
- e. Updating of the personal information through our College Management System at cms.bac.edu.my
- f. Our policies and etc.

Programme Overview

Programme aims / outcomes

<u>Aims</u>

The programme aims to provide students with in-depth knowledge, communication and critical thinking skills, and creativity and innovation in business. This includes contextual understanding of the dynamism and vibrancy in the business environment, entrepreneurship and professionalism in order to perform effectively and ethically within their specialised areas of Business Studies, hence influencing personal achievement, lifelong learning and contributing to industry development.

Objectives

The objectives of the course are:

- Technical competence in financial accounting, taxation, and auditing
- Show proficiency in accounting technologies
- Demonstrate research skills
- Create well-written documents on accounting topics
- Deliver an effective oral presentation on an accounting topic
- Defend proposed solutions to accounting problems
- Work effectively in a team environment to generate an acceptable solution to an accounting problem
- Work productively and professionally with co-workers and supervisors to accomplish job tasks

Programme Educational Objectives

- Graduate acquires the fundamental knowledge and relevant skills
- Possess professional attitudes and ethics necessary in fulfilling his/her responsibilities
- ➤ Ability to communicate effectively
- Able to adopt to global environment and maintain lifelong learning
- > Conduct research in their field and able to understand and solve problems
- Able to think critically, creatively, innovatively and technology savvy
- Inculcate entrepreneurial skills

Learning Objectives of this programme

MQF Learning Outcomes Domains	Relation
Knowledge	Describe basic knowledge to prepare them for higher level education in the related field of arts
Practical skills	Apply the knowledge acquired in the respective fields of study
Social skills & responsibilities	Demonstrate sensitivities and responsibilities towards the community, culture, religion and environment;
Ethics, professionalism & humanities	Demonstrate positive attitude, values, and responsibility for their own learning.
Communication, leadership & team skills	List ways to work with effectiveness either independently or as part of a group;
Scientific methods, critical thinking & problem solving skills	Able to record, analyse data and make conclusions based on theories learnt.
Lifelong learning &information management	Demonstrate information technology skills and use selected computer packages
Entrepreneurship &management skills	Demonstrate the skills and confidence to successfully undertake a program of study in Higher Education

Programme structure

A student who wish to complete this progression degree is required to complete the following modules:

Year/Sem	Course Code	Module	Classification
	ACT 101	Accounting & Business Environment 1	
V1	ECO 101	Economics 1	Core
Year 1 Semester 1	MM 101	Marketing Management 1	
Semester 1	BS 101	Basic Business Statistic 1	Elective
	MGT 101/102	Management	
	ACT 102	Accounting & Business Environment 2	
Year 1	ECO 102	Economics 2	Core
Semester 2	MM 102	Marketing Management 2	
	BS 102	Basic Business Statistic 2	Elective
V2271	OB 101/102	Organizational Behaviour	Core
Semester 3		TITAS	MADLI
		Hubungan Ethnik	MPU
Year/Sem	Course Code	Module	Classification
	FM 201	Financial Management 1	Core
Year 2	SM 201/202	Strategic Management	
Semester 1	HRM 201/201	Human Resource Management	
MPU 3412		Community Service	
Voor 2	FM 202 Financial Management 2		Core
Year 2 OM 201/202		Operation Management	
Semester 2	MIS 201/202	Management Information System	Elective
Vac: 2	BC 201/202 Business Communication		Elective
Year 2	MPU 3222	Critical Thinking Skills	MPU
Semester 3 MPU 3312		Ethics of Communication	

Students are expected to complete the above said course contents within the course duration which is normally within 2 years. Upon completion of the 12 subjects as stated above students are expected to complete their degrees in our partner universities abroad or any of their choice universities if the university accepts the programme based on their own equivalency standards.

Please see the next page for our partner university requirements and its related matters.

UKTB Academic Calendar (Year 1 & 2)

Academic Calendar (January Year 1)

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 1/1

Class Start : 30 Jan 2017 Class End : 21 May 2017

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
23 Jan - 29 Jan 2017	1	Induction
30 Jan – 19 Mar 2017	7	Learning Session
20 Mar – 26 Mar 2017	1	Midterm
27 Mar – 21 May 2017	8	Learning Session
22 May – 28 May 2017	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	18	

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 1/2

Class Start : 12 Jun 2017 Class End : 1 Oct 2017

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
12 Jun – 30 July 2017	7	Learning Session
31 Jul – 6 Aug 2017	1	Midterm
7 Aug – 1 Oct 2017	8	Learning Session
2 Oct - 8 Oct 2017	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 1/3

Class Start : 23 Oct 2017 Class End : 17 Dec 2017

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
23 Oct – 19 Nov 2017	4	Learning Session
20 Nov – 26 Nov 2017	1	Midterm
27 Nov – 17 Dec 2017	3	Learning Session
18 Dec – 24 Dec 2017	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	9	

Academic Calendar (January Year 2)

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 2/1

Class Start : 08 Jan 2018 Class End : 29 Apr 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
8 Jan - 25 Feb 2018	7	Learning Session
26 Feb – 4 Mar 2018	1	Midterm
5 Mar – 29 Apr 2018	8	Learning Session
30 Apr – 6 May 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 2/2

Class Start : 21 May 2018 Class End : 9 Sept 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
21 May – 8 July 2018	7	Learning Session
9 Jul – 15 Jul 2018	1	Midterm
16 Jul – 9 Sept 2018	8	Learning Session
10 Sept – 16 Sept 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : January 2017

Year/Semester : 2/3

Class Start : 8 Oct 2018 Class End : 9 Dec 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
8 Oct – 4 Nov 2018	4	Learning Session
5 Nov – 11 Nov 2018	1	Midterm
12 Nov – 2 Dec 2018	3	Learning Session
3 Dec – 9 Dec 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	9	

Academic Calendar (April Year 1)

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 1/1

Class Start : 24th April 2017 Class End : 13th Aug 2017

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
17 th Apr – 30 th Apr 2017	1	Induction
2 nd May – 11 th Jun 2017	7	Learning Session
12 th Jun – 18 th Jun 2017	1	Midterm
19 th Jun – 13 Aug 2017	8	Learning Session
14 Aug – 20 Aug 2017	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	18	

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 1/2

Class Start : 11 Sep 2017 Class End : 31 Dec 2017

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
11 Sept – 29 Oct 2017	7	Learning Session
30 th Oct – 5 th Nov 2017	1	Midterm
6 Nov – 31 st Dec 2017	8	Learning Session
1 st Jan – 7 th Jan 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 1/3

Class Start : 29 Jan 2018 Class End : 25 Mar 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
29 th Jan – 25 th Feb 2018	4	Learning Session
26 th Feb – 4 th Mar 2018	1	Midterm
5 th Mar – 25 th Mar 2018	3	Learning Session
26 th Mar – 1 st Apr 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	9	

Academic Calendar (April Year 2)

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 2/1

Class Start : 23rd Apr 2018 Class End : 12th Aug 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
23 rd Apr – 10 th Jun 2018	7	Learning Session
11 th Jun – 17 th Jun 2018	1	Midterm
18 th Jun – 12 th Aug 2018	8	Learning Session
13 th Aug – 19 th Aug 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 2/2

Class Start : 3rd Sept 2018 Class End : 23rd Dec 2018

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
3 rd Sept – 21 st Oct 2018	7	Learning Session
22 nd Oct – 28 th Oct 2018	1	Midterm
29 th Oct – 23 rd Dec 2018	8	Learning Session
24 th Dec – 30 th Dec 2018	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	17	

Intake : April 2017

Year/Semester : 2/3

Class Start : 21st Jan 2019 Class End : 17th Mar 2019

<u>Date</u>	No of Weeks	<u>Details</u>
21 st Jan – 17 th Feb 2019	4	Learning Session
18 th Feb – 24 th Feb 2019	1	Midterm
25 th Feb – 17 th Mar 2019	3	Learning Session
18 th Mar – 24 th Mar 2019	1	Final Exam
Total No of Weeks	9	

Study Abroad

Placement information

BAC provides comprehensive support for all students traveling abroad to study at our partner universities. The range of support includes but not limited to meeting the partner university representative in our Campus. Students and parents are encouraged to meet the partner university representatives during the BAC Education Fair and also other times when we have the faculty members visiting us. Students can direct their queries to:

Ms Kalyani Palaniappan kalyani@bac.edu.my

1. ABERYSTWYTH UNIVERSITY UCAS(ABWTH A40)					✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 13,200✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135			
NO PROCESSAGE 412 214					ENTRY	REQUIREMENTS		
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
					3 A-Level	An average of		
					Passes/	40% IELTS	An average of 40%.	
1	BSc (Hons) Business and	,	ſ	6 2 STPM 6	6.5/	IELTS 6.5/		
1	Management	1	V	credits	Principals/	SPM 1119	SPM 1119 Grade C/	
					Recognized Degree or	Grade C/	IGCSE Grade C	
					Diploma	IGCSE Grade C		

	2. BIRMINGHAM C UCAS (BCITY B	IVERSI		-	/18) - £ 12,000 DST - £ 9,135		
NO	DDOCD ANALE	1+2	2+1		ENTRY	REQUIREMENTS	
NO	PROGRAMME			SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
1	BA (Hons) Business Administration		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognized Degree or Diploma		An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
2	BA (Hons) International Business		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognized Degree or Diploma		An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C

	3. DE MONT UCAS(DE		✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 12,250 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135					
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1			ENTRY REQ	UIREMENTS	
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2 2+1		SPM	PF	RE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
1	BA (Hons) Business Administration and Management	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	STPM	evel Passes/2 I Principals/ gnised Degree or ma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years.IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
2	BA (Hons) Business and Management	V	V	5 credits	2 STP	evel Passes/ M Principals/ gnised Degree or ma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
3	BA (Hons) Business and Marketing		$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 STP	evel Passes/ M Principals/ gnised Degree or ma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
4	BA (Hons) Business Management and Enterprise	V	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 STP	evel Passes/ M Principals/ gnised Degree or ma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
5	BA (Hons) Business Management and Human Resource Management	V	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	STPM	evel Passes/2 I Principals/ gnised Degree or ma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C

	4. GLYND UCAS (GL		 ✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 11,500 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135 							
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1			ENTRY	REQUIF	REMENT	S	
NO	PROGRAIVIIVIE	1+2	2+1	SPM		UNIVERSITY	١	YEAR 1		YEAR 2
	DA (Hana) Business					evel Passes/		average	of	An average of 50%
1	BA (Hons) Business			5 credits		M Principals/	50%			over both years.
	Accounting				_	nised Degree				IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip					SPM 1119 Grade C
						vel Passes/	An a	average	of	An average of 50%
2	BA (Hons) Business	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 STPI	M Principals/	50%			over both years.
-	Management				Recog	nised Degree				IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma				SPM 1119 Grade C
					2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An a	average	of	An average of 50%
	BA (Hons) Business	r	r	F	2 STPI	M Principals/	50%			over both years.
3	Marketing	V	√	5 credits	Recog	nised Degree				IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma				SPM 1119 Grade C
					2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An a	average	of	An average of 50%
4	BA (Hons) Festival and	ſ	, ,		2 STPI	M Principals/	50%			over both years.
4	Events Management	V	√	5 credits	Recog	nised Degree				IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma				SPM 1119 Grade C

	5. UNIVERSITY OF CUCAS (CLAN		LANC		✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 11,950✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135				
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1			ENTRY	REQUIREMENTS		
NO	PROGRAMINE	172	2+1	SPM	PRE-	UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BA (Hons) Business and Management		V	5 credits	Recognised Degree or Diploma 2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree			An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
2	BA (Hons) International Business			5 credits				An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
3	BA (Hons) Public Relations and Management		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma			An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
4	BA (Hons) Public Relations and Marketing		V	5 credits	2 STPI	vel Passes/ M Principals/ nised Degree loma		An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C	

	6. KINGSTON UCAS(KING	v 	FEE (2017/18) - : LIVING COST - £						
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1			ENTRY REQUIREMENTS			
NO	PROGRAMME	172	2+1	SPM	PRE-	UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BA (Hons) Business Management		V	5 credits	2 STPN	vel Passes/ M Principals/ nised Degree Ioma	Pass Business Statistics An average of 50%. IELTS 6.0 If they do not fulfill English Language requirement, they must take English for Academic Purposes	Financial and Managerial Accounting and an average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.0	
2	BA (Hons) International Business	V	V	5 credits	2 STPN	vel Passes/ M Principals/ nised Degree Ioma	Business Statistics and an average of 50. IELTS 6.0 If they do not fulfill English Language requirement, they must take English for Academic Purposes	Financial and Managerial Accounting and an average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.0	
3	BA (Hons) Marketing Communications and Advertising	V		5 credits	2 STPN	vel Passes/ M Principals/ nised Degree Ioma	Business Statistics and an average of 50%. IELTS 6.0 If they do not fulfil English Language requirements, they must take English for Academic Purposes		
4	BA (Hons) Marketing Management	V		5 credits	2 STPN	vel Passes/ M Principals/ nised Degree Ioma	Business Statistics and an average of 50%. IELTS 6.0 If they do not fulfil English Language requirements, they must take English for		

				1	<u> </u>	A	
						Academic	
						Purposes	
					2.4.1.1.2		e
					2 A-Level Passes/	Business	Financial and
					2 STPM Principals/	Statistics and an	Managerial
					Recognised Degree	average of 50%.	Accounting and an
					or Diploma	IELTS 6.0	average of 50% over
	BBA (U) B			_		If they do not	both years. IELTS
5	BBA (Hons) Business			5 credits		fulfil English	6.0
	Administration			credits		Language	
						requirements,	
						they must take	
						English for Academic	
					2 A Lovel Dasses /	Purposes Business	An average of FOO/
					2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/	Statistics and an	An average of 50% over both years.
					Recognised Degree	average of 50%,	IELTS 6.0
					or Diploma	IELTS 6.0	ILLIS 0.0
					or Dipiorna	If they do not	
		_	_	5		fulfil English	
6	BSc (Hons) Business Studies			credits		Language	
						requirements,	
						they must take	
						English for	
						Academic	
						Purposes	
					2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	An average of 50%
7	BA (Hons) Business	. [. [5	2 STPM Principals/	50%	over both years.
'	Administration	V	√	credits	Recognised Degree		IELTS 6.5 /
					or Diploma		SPM 1119 Grade C
					2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	An average of 50%
8	BA (Hons) Business	$\sqrt{}$		5	2 STPM Principals/	50%	over both years.
	Management	v	'	credits	Recognised Degree		IELTS 6.5 /
					or Diploma		SPM 1119 Grade C
					2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	An average of 50%
9	BA (Hons) Business with			5	2 STPM Principals/	50%	over both years.
	Economics	·	•	credits	Recognised Degree		IELTS 6.5/
					or Diploma	An au	SPM 1119 Grade C
	PA (Hons) Pusinoss with			_	2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	An average of 50%
10	BA (Hons) Business with			5 credits	2 STPM Principals/	50%	over both years. IELTS 6.5/
	Financial Management			credits	Recognised Degree or Diploma		SPM 1119 Grade C
					2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	
	BA (Hons) Business with			5	2 STPM Principals/	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years.
11	Human Resource			credits	Recognised Degree	JU/0	IELTS 6.5/
	Management			credits	or Diploma		SPM 1119 Grade C
	BA (Hons) Business with			5	2 A-Level Passes/	An average of	An average of 50%
12	International Management	$\sqrt{}$		credits	Z A-LEVEL Passes/	50%	over both years.
	miternational ivianagement		1	Credits	1	JU/0	over both years.

					2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		IELTS 6.5/ SPM 1119 Grade C
13	BA (Hons) Business with Logistics and Supply Chain Management	√	√	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over bothnyears. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
14	BA (Hons) Business with Marketing Management	\checkmark	\checkmark	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5/ SPM 1119 Grade C
15	BA (Hons) Finance and Investment Management	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%. IELTS 6.0 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
16	BA (Hons) Mass Communication and Business	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%. IELTS 6.0 / SPM 1119 Grade C	An average of 75% over both years. IELTS 6.5/ SPM 1119Grade C
17	BA (Hons) Business Management			5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 40%. IELTS 6.0	An average of 40%. IELTS 6.0

	7. UNIVERSITY O		FORDS	✓	FEE (2017/18) - £	11,350			
	UCAS (HERT	S H36)		✓	LIVING COST - £ 9	,135			
NO	DDOCDANANE	1.2	2.1		ENTRY REQUIREMENTS				
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-	UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
					2 A-Le	vel Passes/	Business	Entrepreneurship and	
	BA (Hons) Business		2+1 SPM PRE-UNIVERSITY YEAR 1	an average of 60%					
1	Administration			5 crodite	Recog	nised Degree	average of 60%	over both years.	
	Administration			credits	or Dip	loma		IELTS 6.0/	
								SPM 1119 Grade C	

	8. PEMBROKE UCAS (PEMI		COLLEG	✓ ✓	FEE (2017/18) - T LIVING COST - £ 9			
NO	DDOCDARAR	4.3	2.1	ENTR	ENTRY REQUIREMENTS			
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BA (Hons) Business Management	$\sqrt{}$	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 40% IELTS 6.0	An average of 40%. IELTS 6.0	

	9. UNIVER			✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 12,800 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135				
NO	DDOCDAMME	1+2	2+1			ENTRY	REQUIREMENTS	
NO	PROGRAMME			SPM	PRE-	UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
1	BSc (Hons)Accounting	√	\checkmark	5 credits	2 STF Princ Reco	ipals/ gnised ee or	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Test that Is recognized by the Uni of Hull.	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a min average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Test that is recognized by the University of Hull.
2	BA (Hons) Business	\checkmark		5 credits	2 STF Princ	ipals/ gnised ee or	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ an equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the Universityof Hull
3	BA (Hons) Business Economics	V		5 credits	2 STF Princ Reco	ipals/ gnised ee or	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is	relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/

						recognised by the University of Hull.	recognised by the University of Hull.
4	BA (Hons) Business Management			5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ an equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.
5	BA (Hons) Economics with Mathematics	√	\checkmark	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ an equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.
6	BA (Hons) Financial Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an

						An equivalent	alternative
						score in an	approved Secure
						alternative approved Secure	English Language Test that is
						English Language	recognised by the
						Test that is	University of Hull.
						recognised by	,
						the University of	
						Hull.	
					2 A-Level Passes/	Completion	Completion of
					2 STPM	of the	the relevant BAC
					Principals/	relevant BAC	programme with
					Recognised Degree or	programme with a	a minimum average of 60%,
					Diploma	minimum	IELTS 6.0 with no
					Dipioma	average of	element less
						50%,	than 5.5/ An
	DA (Hans) International			_		IELTS 6.0 with no	equivalent score
7	BA (Hons) International Business		$\sqrt{}$	5 credits		element less	in an alternative
	Dusiness			credits		than 5.5/ An	approved Secure
						equivalent score	English Language
						in an alternative	Test that is
						approved Secure	recognised by
						English Language Test that is	the University of Hull.
						recognised by	Tiuli.
						the University of	
						Hull.	
					2 A-Level Passes/	Completion of	Completion of
					2 STPM	the relevant BAC	the relevant BAC
					Principals/	programme with	programme with
					Recognised Degree or	a min average of 50%, IELTS 6.0	
					Diploma	with no element	IELTS 6.0 with no
				_	- 10101110	less than 5.5/ An	element less
8	BA (Hons) Management			5		equivalent score	
				credits		in an alternative	equivalent score
						approved Secure	in an alternative
						English Language	approved Secure
						Test that is	English Test that
						recognised by the University of	is recognised by the University of
						Hull.	Hull.
					2 A-Level Passes/	Completion of	Completion of
					2 STPM	the relevant BAC	the relevant BAC
					Principals/	programme with	programme with
9	BA (Hons) Marketing			5	Recognised	a min average of	
	DA (Hons) Warkeling	\ \ \	\ \ \	credits	Degree or	50%, IELTS 6.0	average of 60%,
					Diploma	with no element	IELTS 6.0 with no
						less than 5.5/	element less
							than 5.5/

					2 A-Level Passes/	An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull. Completion of	English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.
10	BSc(Hons) Supply Chain Management	√	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	Completion of the relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 50%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ an equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure English Language Test that is recognised by the University of Hull.	relevant BAC programme with a minimum average of 60%, IELTS 6.0 with no element less than 5.5/ An equivalent score in an alternative approved Secure

	10.CARDIFF UCAS (CARD		RSITY		✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 9,000 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135			
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1		ENTRY I	REQUIREMENTS		
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM		IIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2
1	BSc (Hons) Business Management (Human Resource)			5 credits	2 Principa Recognis Degree Diploma	sed or	1+2 Program 60% average on Year 1 IELTS 6.5 Entry into Cardiff University on a 1+2 basis. IELTS 6.5 with an average of 65% GPA	
2	BSc (Hons) Business Management (International Management)	√		5 credits	2 A-Leve 2 Principa Recognis Degree Diploma	sed or	1+2 Program 60% average on Year 1 IELTS 6.5Entry into Cardiff University on a 1+2 basis. IELTS 6.5 with an average of 65% GPA	
3	BSc (Hons) Business Management (Logistics & Operation)	√		5 credits	2 A-Leve 2 Principa Recognis Degree Diploma	sed or	1+2 Program 60% average on Year 1 IELTS 6.5 Entry into Cardiff University on a 1+2 basis. IELTS 6.5 with an average of 65% GPA	
4	BSc (Hons) Business Management (Marketing)	√		5 credits	2 A-Leve 2 Principa Recognis Degree Diploma	sed or	1+2 Program. 60% average on Year 1 IELTS 6.5 Entry into Cardiff University on a 1+2 basis. IELTS 6.5 with an average of 65% GPA	

	11.UNIVERSITY (UCAS (W		TH WA	LES		1	FEE (2017/18) LIVING COST	
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRF-	ENTRY UNIVERSITY	REQUIREMENTS YEAR 1	YEAR 2
1	BA (Hons) Business and Accounting	V	V	5 credits	2 A-l Pass 2 STI Princ Reco	Level es/ PM cipals/ egnised ee or	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
2	BA (Hons) Business and Finance	√	V	5 credits	Reco	es/ PM cipals/ egnised ee or	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
3	BA (Hons) Business and Human Resource Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-l Pass 2 STI Princ Reco	evel es/ PM cipals/ egnised ee or	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
4	BA (Hons) Business and Marketing	V	V	5 credits	Pass 2 STI Princ Reco	PM cipals/ ognised ee or	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
5	BA (Hons) Business and Supply Chain Management	V	√	5 credits	Reco	es/ PM cipals/ gnised ree or	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
6	BA (Hons) Business Studies	V	V	5 credits	Pass Princ Reco	Level es/2 STPM cipals/ egnised ree or oma	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C
7	BA (Hons) International Business	V	V	5 credits	Pass Prin Reco Deg	Level ses/ 2 STPM cipals/ ognised ree or oma	An average of 60%	An average of 60% over both years.IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C

	12.NORTHUMBRIA DIRECT APPLICAT		ERSITY		v	FEE (2017/18) -			
					ENTRY REQUIREMENTS				
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2		
1	BA (Hons) Accounting and Finance	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
2	BA (Hons) Business Administration	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
3	BA (Hons) Business Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
4	BA (Hons) Business with Economics		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
5	BA (Hons) Business with Financial Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
6	BA (Hons) Business with Human Resource Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		
7	BA (Hons) Business with International Management	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C		

8	BA (Hons) Business with Logistics and Supply Chain Management	$\sqrt{}$	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
9	BA (Hons) Business with Marketing Management	\checkmark	\checkmark	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C
10	BA (Hons) Finance and Investment Management	~		5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma	An average of 50%. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C	
11	BA (Hons) Mass Communication and Business		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 75% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C

	13.ABERYSTWYTH UCAS(ABWTH A4		RSITY			✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 13,200✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135		
NO PROGRAMME 1+2 2+1					EN	NTRY REQUIREMEN	NTS	
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BSc (Hons) Business and Management	V	V	6 credits	3 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognized Degree or Diploma	An average of 40% IELTS 6.5/ SPM 1119 Grade C/ IGCSE Grade C	An average of 40%. IELTS 6.5/ SPM 1119 Grade C/ IGCSE Grade C	

	14. BIRMINGHA UCA	AM CIT		 ✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 12,000 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135 					
NO	PROGRAMME	1+2	2+1	ENTRY REQUIREMENTS					
				SPM	PRE-UNIVERSITY		YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BA (Hons) Business Administration		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognized Degree or Diploma			An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C	
2	BA (Hons) International Business		V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognized Degree or Diploma			An average of 50% over both years. TOEFL 80. IELTS 6.0/ SPM 1119 Grade C	

	15.de montfo UCAS(I		✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 12,250 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135						
NO	DROCRANAN	1+2	2.1	ENTRY REQUIREMENTS					
NO	NO PROGRAMME		2+1	SPM	P	RE-UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
1	BA (Hons) Business Administration and Management	$\sqrt{}$		5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years.IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
2	BA (Hons) Business and Management	V	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
3	BA (Hons) Business and Marketing	$\sqrt{}$		5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
4	BA (Hons) Business Management and Enterprise	V	V	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/ 2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C	
5	BA (Hons) Business Management and Human Resource Management	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5 credits	2 A-Level Passes/2 STPM Principals/ Recognised Degree or Diploma		An average of 50%	An average of 50% over both years. IELTS 6.5 / SPM 1119 Grade C	

	16. GLYNDW UCAS (✓ FEE (2017/18) - £ 11,500 ✓ LIVING COST - £ 9,135 					
NO	PROGRAMME	2+1	ENTRY REQUIREMENTS						
NO	PROGRAIVIIVIE	1+2	2+1	SPM	PRE-	UNIVERSITY	YEAR 1		YEAR 2
					2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An average	of	An average of 50%
1	BA (Hons) Business Accounting	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	5	2 STPI	M Principals/	50%		over both years.
				credits	Recognised Degree				IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma			SPM 1119 Grade C
2	BA (Hons) Business Management	$\sqrt{}$	V		2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An average	of	An average of 50%
				5	2 STPI	M Principals/	50%		over both years.
				credits	Recog	nised Degree			IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma			SPM 1119 Grade C
3	BA (Hons) Business Marketing		$\sqrt{}$		2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An average	of	An average of 50%
				5	2 STPI	M Principals/	50%		over both years.
				credits	Recog	nised Degree			IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma			SPM 1119 Grade C
4	BA (Hons) Festival and Events Management	√	$\sqrt{}$	5	2 A-Le	vel Passes/	An average	of	An average of 50%
					2 STPI	M Principals/	50%		over both years.
				credits	Recog	nised Degree			IELTS 6.0 /
					or Dip	loma			SPM 1119 Grade C

Programme Regulations

Assessment and progression procedures

In order for a student to be eligible for the stated programme it is essential for the student to meet the entry requirement as stated by MQA and MOHE. This has been made available by our course consultants, letter of offers sent out to you and emphasised again during the induction period. It is the responsibility of the students to ensure that they meet the entry requirements.

- The course has two sets of assessments.
- The first is a course work assessment and it is followed by an examination by the end of every semester.
- Students are required to pass the course work with a minimum score of 10 from 25 that is allocated. If a student fails a course, the candidate will be given another opportunity to repeat the coursework.
- The second part of the assessment involves final examinations at the end of every semester.
- Here a maximum of 75 marks is allocated. A student is required to pass the examinations with a minimum of 40 marks.
- The total of examination and coursework mark is added to get a total of 50 which gives CGPA of 2.00 in order to progress or pass the course at that level.
- In order to proceed to the final year of studies abroad the students are required to meet the requirements a stated by the respective university.
 Please see the below the list of the requirements.

Unfair Practice

Each year the pressure of exams causes some students to engage in the practice of unfair practice. Cases are dealt with most severely. The following is an extract from the Academic Regulation on Unfair Practice: It is an unfair practice to commit any act where by a person may obtain, for himself/herself or for another, an unpermitted advantage. This shall apply whether the candidate acts alone or in conjunction with another/others. Any action or actions shall be deemed to fall within this definition, whether occurring during, or in relation to, a formal examination, a piece of coursework, or any form of assessment undertaken in pursuit of a University qualification. Examples of unfair practice are shown below. These are not exhaustive, and other cases may fall within the general definition of unfair practice.

Examples of unfair practice in non-examination conditions

- 1. Plagiarism, which can be defined as using another person's work and presenting it as one's own: examples include,
- Copying another person's work
- Unacknowledged translation of another person's work in order to present it as one's own.
- Paraphrasing or adapting another person's work without due acknowledgment.
- Unacknowledged use of material downloaded from the internet.
- Use of material obtained from essay banks or similar agencies.
- 2. Collusion: This occurs
- When work that has been undertaken by or with others is submitted and passed off as solely the work of one person
- When the work of one candidate is submitted in the name of another; when this is done with the knowledge of the originator, both parties can be considered to be at fault.
- 3. Fabrication of data, making false claims to have carried out experiments, observations, interviews or other forms of data collection and analysis, or acting dishonestly in any other way.
- 4. Presenting evidence of special circumstances to Examining Boards, which is false or falsified or which is, in any way, intended to mislead Examining Boards.

Examples of unfair practice in examination conditions

- 1. Introducing into an examination room and/or associated facilities any unauthorised form of material such as a book, a manuscript, data or loose papers, information obtained via any electronic device, or any source of unauthorised information.
- 2. Copying from, or communicating with, any other person in the examination room and/or associated facilities except as authorised by an invigilator.
- 3. Communicating electronically with any other person, except as authorised by an invigilator.
- 4. Impersonating an examination candidate or allowing oneself to be impersonated.
- 5. Presenting an examination script as one's own work when the script includes material produced by unauthorised means.
- 6. Presenting evidence of special circumstances to Examining Boards, which is false or falsified or which is, in any way, intended to mislead Examining Boards.

The Committee of Inquiry shall apply one, or a combination, of the following penalties:

- 1. Cancellation of the candidate's marks in part or in whole for any or all assessments taken during the semester or year in question: the Committee should specify whether or not a reassessment is permitted, either for the bare pass mark or for the full mark.
- 2. Exclusion of the candidate from the College for a specific period or permanently.
- 3. Disqualification of the candidate from any future examination in the College.

Please make sure you do not fall into the trap of unfair practice. The risks are not worth the penalties.

In particular, you should note that departments will randomly check coursework for unattributed material taken from the Web. Where there is evidence of these penalties will be applied as indicated above.

Departments will issue further guidance on plagiarism and unfair practice. Make sure you familiarize yourself with it - ignorance will not be accepted as a valid defense.

College Statement on Plagiarism

Plagiarism is the act of using someone else's work with an intent to deceive. In academic contexts, the point of the deception is normally to obtain higher marks than you think you would get for your own unaided efforts. There are several ways of going about this. You might decorate your essay with some choice expressions from some other source(s), without making it clear that you have done this. You might take substantial chunks. You might copy from notes or essays written by fellow students or even taken from the internet.

In more extreme cases, students might actually submit work to which they have contributed nothing at all, something that is entirely the work of another mind. People who do this do it for various motives. A good and ambitious student might do it because she desperately wants a very good degree result, and is doubtful if he/she can achieve that on his/ her own; or because there is a course in which he/she is relatively weak. A poor student might do it because he/she has been in the pub when he/ she ought to have been work-ing and has no work to submit. Sometimes the motives can be very complex. Whatever they are, plagiarism is intellectual dishonesty.

There is of course a very real risk of plagiarism being detected. A student may feel that he/she will get away with downloading material from the Internet and presenting it as his/her own work. But it is probably worth noting that if you find it there then the lecturer setting the topic in the first place is also aware of it.

Similarly if you copy a fellow student's work, the chances of it being spotted are very high indeed.

No intellectual endeavour is ever absolutely original. Even the most original minds depend on the thoughts and discoveries of their predecessors. And in most intellectual disciplines, students are expected to demonstrate familiarity with the established literature in their field: indeed, this is one of the key competences that you need to demon-strate in most academic fields. Most of the time, you will be citing articles and books that are especially relevant to your enquiry, and making your own contribution to it. That contribution might not be a great one, especially in the early years of a degree programme; but it will, or should, be your own.

Sometimes students can be so weak or under-confident in a subject, again especially early on in their studies, that they really find it difficult to tell what is acceptable borrowing from other sources and what is not. Sometimes, un-acceptable degrees of borrowing can occur when a student has not actually intended to engage in unfair practice. For this reason, when a member of the academic staff reads work that he/she suspects is not the unaided work of its supposed author, he/she may not at once notify

this to the Chairman of the relevant Examining Board but may discuss it first with the student. College staff will exercise proper academic judgement.

If and when he/she decides to do so, the Chair will normally interview the student in the presence of the staff member making the enquiry, to establish whether there was an intention to benefit unfairly. The panel may decide that there was not. This, they may then think, is not unfair, but bad practice. They will probably assign an appropriately low mark to the examined element. If, however, the panel is convinced that there is on the face of it a case of unfair practice, and if the course element constitutes more than 20 credits' worth of the overall assessment weighting for the year of study, the Chairman will notify the College authorities and what happens next will be governed by the College's Academic Regulation on Unfair Practice. The most significant part of this is reproduced in this Handbook. If a case of plagiarism is established, the penalties can be very severe indeed and can result in your permanent exclusion from the College.

Where the assessed element is worth 20 credits or less, departments are au-thorised to handle the case wholly internally, unless the student chooses to appear before the College's Unfair Practice Committee. In most such cases, the mark for the assessed element will be 0 with possibly no opportunity to re-sit. More severe punishments may also be imposed (e.g. 0 for the module as a whole).

Clearly, however, the most sensible course for a student to pursue, and the course that most students do pursue, is to develop enough academic judgment and self-confidence for them not to be in any danger of such an accusation being made against them. Most students have no wish to gain credit for what they have not themselves contributed, or to gain a qualification that is, even in part, a bogus achievement.

Modules in UKT BUSINESS (Year 1)

[MGT 101/102] Management

1.	Name of Course: MANAGEMENT						
2.	Course Code: MGT 101/102						
3.	Name(s) of Acad	lemic St	mic Staff: Ms. Lavinia Sivapalan				
4.	This course is a s decision making	alle for the inclusion of the course in the programme: aurse is a study of management theories, emphasizing the management functions of planning, an making, organizing, leading and controlling. It aims at introducing the student to the mental principles of management and organization theory.					
5.	Semester and Ye	ear offer	r ed: Sem 1	, Year 1			
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)	Face to Face				Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	Т	Sem	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7.	Credit value: 4						
8.	•	••	lil				
9.	Prerequisite (if any): - Nil Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide students with a thorough and systematic coverage of management theory and practice. It focuses on the basic roles, skills and functions of management, with special attention to managerial responsibility for effective and efficient achievement of goals. Special attention is given to social responsibility, managerial ethics, and the importance of multinational organizations.				ions of management, chievement of goals.		

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	1) Understanding management and organisation
		2) The role of managers
		3) Understand the constraints and challenges for the global manager
		4) Current issues in organisational cultures
2.	Application and	Understanding the global environment
	problem solving	2) Managing the global environment
		3) Challenges in managing diversity
		4) Green management and sustainability
		5) Social responsibility and Ethics issues
3.	Sources and research	1) How to manage change
		2) The stimulating innovation
		3) The change process
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	Understand the decision making process
	critical judgement and	2) Goal and plans
	evaluation	3) Corporate strategy
		4) Planning tools and Technique
5.	Autonomy and ability	Able to design organizational structure
	to learn	2) Able to organize for collaboration
		3) Able to manage human resource
		4) Able to put strategy for group development
		5) Understand the challenges in managing teams
6.	Communication and	Understand the goal of organisational behaviour
	literacy	2) Understand the nature and function of communication
		3) Use of Information Technology and communication
		4) Understand the theories of motivation
		5) Able to provide leadership in 21st Century environment
7.	Other Skills	1) Understand the use of tools for measuring organizational
/.		
7.		performances 2) Understand the current issues in managing operation

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination - 75%

13. Synopsis:

The module deal with four important roles of managers which are planning, organizing, leading and controlling.

14. | Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Courseworkk	25%
Mid-term	25%
Final	50%
TOTAL	100%

[ACT 101] Accounting & Business Environment 1

1.	Name of Course	: Acco	unting	and the	Business Enviro	onment (1)		
2.	Course Code: ACT 101							
3.	Name(s) of Acad	lemic St	aff: PETEF	R B.H. THO	00			
4.	Rationale for the	e inclusi	ion of the	course in	the programme:			
	 Preparat Accounti Complian Valuation Preparat Recognit 	ion and ing for Ance with and continuous sides in and continuous sides in and sides in an analysis in analysis in an analysis in analysis in an analysis in analysis in an analysi	Assets, Lial n accounti ontrol of Ii statement stakeholde	tion of Fir bilities, In ng conce nventorie of Cash F	nancial Statements come and Expenses pts and conventions is llows			
5.	Semester and Ye Semester 1 of Ye		red:					
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)			Face to F	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)	
6.	Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture	L	Т	Face to F	ace O	Learning	Learning Time	
6.	Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	T	ı		Learning (hours)	Learning Time	
	Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam Total Hours	L 35	T	ı	O MID 3 FINAL 3	Learning	Learning Time	
7.	Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	35	21	Sem	O MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4	Learning (hours) 90 (91 rounded	Learning Time (SLT) (hours)	

9. Course Objectives:

- 1) Use accounting vocabulary
- 2) Apply accounting concepts and principles
- 3) Use the accounting equation
- 4) Analyse business transactions
- 5) Prepare the financial statements
- 6) Recognition of Stakeholders Interests

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	Record transactions in the journal
		2) Distinguish accrual accounting from cash-basis accounting
		3) Define internal control
		4) Measure the cost of a plant asset
		5) Account for current liabilities of known amount
		6) Account for the income tax of a corporation
		7) Distinguish stock splits from stock dividends
		8) Account for treasury stock
		9) Account for bonds payable
		10) Account for retirement and conversion of bonds payable
		11) Record materials and labour in a job order costing system
2.	Application and	1) Apply the rules of debit and credit
	problem solving	2) Post from the journal to the ledger
		3) Apply the revenue and matching principles
		4) Adjust and close the accounts of a merchandising business
		5) Apply the lower-of-cost-or-market rule to inventory
		6) Describe good internal control procedures
		7) Prepare a bank reconciliation and the related journal entries
		8) Design and application of internal controls
		9) Account for depreciation and disposal of a plant asset
		10) Account for natural resources
		11) Account for intangible assets
		12) Account for cash dividends
		13) Account for stock dividends
		14) Measure interest expense by the straight-line amortization
		method
		15) Classify costs and prepare an income statement for a
		13) Siassify costs and prepare an income statement for a

		service company, merchandising company and
		manufacturing company
	C1	A) Many and the official of the state of the
3.	Sources and research	1) Measure the effects of inventory errors
		2) Make ethical business judgements
		3) Use the allowance method to account for uncollectibles
		4) Distinguish among operating, investing, and financing cash
		flows
		5) Prepare and use common-size financial statements
		Identify trends in the business environment and the role of management accountability
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	1) Prepare and use a trial balance
	critical judgement and	2) Make adjusting entries
	evaluation	3) Close the revenue, expense, and dividend accounts
		4) Estimate ending inventory by the gross profit method
		5) Understand the direct write-off method for uncollectibles
		6) Select the best depreciation method for tax purposes
		7) Report current liabilities on the balance sheet
		8) Prepare the stockholders' equity section of a corporation
		balance sheet
		9) Use different stock values in decision making
		10) Evaluate return on assets and return on stockholders'
		11) Analyse a corporate income statement
		12) Show the advantages and disadvantages of borrowing
		13) Perform a horizontal analysis of financial statements
		14) Perform a vertical analysis of financial statements
		15) Distinguish management accounting from financial
		accounting
		16)Distinguish between job order costing and process costing
_	Autonomy and ability	
5.	1	1) Prepare an adjusted trial balance
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet
5.	1	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet Identify the purposes of the statement of cash flows
	to learn	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet Identify the purposes of the statement of cash flows Use reasonable standards to make ethical judgements
 5. 6. 	to learn Communication and	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet Identify the purposes of the statement of cash flows Use reasonable standards to make ethical judgements Prepare the financial statements from the adjusted trial
	to learn	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet Identify the purposes of the statement of cash flows Use reasonable standards to make ethical judgements Prepare the financial statements from the adjusted trial balance
	to learn Communication and	 Prepare an adjusted trial balance Classify assets and liabilities as current or long-term Prepare a merchandiser's financial statements Account for notes receivable Compute payroll amounts Record basic payroll transactions Identify the characteristics of a corporation Report restrictions on retained earnings Report liabilities on the balance sheet Identify the purposes of the statement of cash flows Use reasonable standards to make ethical judgements Prepare the financial statements from the adjusted trial

		4) F	Report receivables on the balance sheet	
		5) F	Prepare and use common-size financial statements	
7.	Other Skills	1) A	Apply different methods of Inventory valuation and	
		•	controls	
		-	Prepare the statement of cash flows for limited companies by the direct and indirect method	
				I

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

To provide knowledge in assessing and interpretation of financial statements, understand both financial and non financial aspects of planning, controlling and decision making within an organisation.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. Synopsis:

- 1. Accounting and business environment
- 2. Internal control and cash
- 3. Corporations
- 4. Budgets and standard cost

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Coursework	25%
Final	75%
TOTAL	100%

[ACT 102] Accounting & Business Environment 2

1.	Name of Course:	Acco	unting a	nd the	Business Envir	onment (2)	
2.	Course Code: AC	CT 102					
3.	Name(s) of Acad	emic St	aff: PETER	B.H. THC	00		
4.	Rationale for the	inclusi	on of the	course in	the programme:		
	accounti 2. Using Alt 3. Ratio And Making 4. Understate based co 5. Cost Volumiting f 6. Capital Inprojects.	ng stand ernative alysis ca anding C esting ume Pro factors, nvestme	dards e Performation and costing and ofit Analysic outsourcinent Apprais	ance Mea & Interpred d Manage is and Ma ng, discon sals – to a	surement besides f	inancial perform for planning, Co an introduction cision making on nent of products of investments in	ntrolling & Decision i, including activity production with and services
5.	Semester and Ye Semester 1 of Ye		red:				
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		I	Face to Fa	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	Т	Sem -	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7.	Credit value: 4						
8.	Prerequisite (if a	ny): - N	lil				

9. **Course Objectives**:

- 1. Preparation and Presentation of financial statements for limited companies to comply with accounting standards
- 2. Using Alternative Performance Measurement besides financial performance measures
- 3. Ratio Analysis calculation & Interpretation of accounts for planning, Controlling & Decision Making
- 4. Understanding Costing and Management Accounting an introduction, including activity based costing
- 5. Cost Volume Profit Analysis and Marginal Costing decision making on production with limiting factors, outsourcing, discontinuance or divestment of products and services
- 6. Capital Investment Appraisals to assess the viability of investments in assets and projects.
- 7. Preparation of Budgets for planning, controlling and decision making

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	Record overhead in a job order costing system
		Understanding Costing and Management
		Accounting – an introduction
2.	Application and problem solving	Use the current ratio and the debt ratio to evaluate a company
		 Activity Based Costing – calculation of overhead costs, product costing and setting of selling prices
		 Cost Volume Profit Analysis and Marginal Costing decision making on production with limiting factors, outsourcing, discontinuance or divestment of products and services
3.	Sources and research	Understanding Costing and Management Accounting – an introduction
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	 Distinguish management accounting from financial accounting Distinguish between job order costing and process costing Using Alternative Performance Measurement using benchmarking Ratio Analysis calculation & Interpretation of accounts for planning, Controlling & Decision Making

		 Capital Investment Appraisals – calculation of returns using Net Present Values, Internal Rates of Returns, Accounting Rate of Returns, Payback Period
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	Understanding Costing and Management Accounting – an introduction
6.	Communication and literacy	 Compute the standard financial ratios Preparation and Presentation of financial statements for limited companies to comply with accounting standards Budgeting – Preparation of Fixed and Flexible Budgets, Understanding of the purpose, advantages and disadvantages of budgeting for planning, controlling and decision making
7.	Other Skills	Understanding the behaviour aspects of budgeting and performance management

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

• To provide knowledge in assessing and interpretation of financial statements, understand both financial and non financial aspects of planning, controlling and decision making within an organisation.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. **Synopsis:**

- 5. Accounts of Limited Companies
- 6. Financial statement analysis Ratios and Interpretation of accounts
- 7. Management accounting

8. Budge	ts and standard cost					
9. Capita	l investment					
8. Balance	scorecard					
14. Mode of d	=					
Lectures a	nd tutorials					
15. Assessme	Assessment Methods and Types					
	,,					
Coursew	vork 25%					
Final	75%					
Filiai						

[ECO 101] Microeconomics

1.	Name of Course: MICROECONOMICS									
2.	Course Code: ECO 101									
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: MS RENUKA J MENON									
4.	Rationale for	the incl	usion of th	ne cours	e in the programme:					
	Microeconomics introduces the student to the concept of a market economy and to investigate how scarce resources are allocated under a price mechanism. Models of supply, demand, and market structure are employed to show how the interaction of consumers and producers results in the variety of goods abundantly available in a free enterprise economy. Within this general objective, there is room to examine how interferences with the price system, by public or private actors, diminish the ability of the price system to lead to maximum human well-being. In addition, the course addresses the role of marketplace incentives in furthering and directing economic growth.									
5.	Semester and	d Year of	ffered:							
	Semester 1 of Year 1									
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		Face to Face Self- Learning Learning Time (hours) (SLT) (hours)							
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial P= Practical	L	т	Р	О					
	O= Others	42.5	22.5	-	MIDS 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4					
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160			
7.	Credit value:	4								
8.	Prerequisite ((if any):	- Nil							

9. Course Objectives:

This course introduces economic analysis of individual, business, and industry choices in the market economy. Topics include the price mechanism, supply and demand, optimizing economic behavior, costs and revenue, market structures, factor markets, income distribution, market failure, and government intervention.

Upon completion, students should be able to identify and evaluate consumer and business alternatives in order to achieve economic objectives efficiently.

10. | Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	At the end of this modules the student will learn:
		1) The importance of Microeconomic analysis
		2) Data collection- economic data/survey
		3) Type of variables used in the evaluation of economics
		and economic policies
		4) Learning to use statistical programme-
2.	Application and	1) Presenting data in table and charts
	problem solving	2) Organizing numerical data from the worldbank info
		counter.
		3) Tabulation of GDP/GNP results
		4) Application of economic theories to real economies
		5) Ethical issues in Micro economies- IMF
3.	Sources and research	1) Introduction to My Econ Lab (Parkin)
		2) Government and Data resource
		3) National Bureau of Economic Research
		4) Learning with the WEB Cases- case study
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	1) The ethical issue of dumping
	critical judgement	2) Evaluating economies
	and evaluation	3) Quota & Taxes on 3 rd world economies
		4) Comparing the Economies of two countries of
		different economic standing
		5) How Brexit effects the Malaysian Economy (1/r)
5.	Autonomy and	1) To organized and visualised data
	ability to learn	2) Economic application in data management for
		feasibility studies
		3) Preparing roadmap for analysing microeconomic data
6.	Communication and	To be able to use microeconomic information for
	literacy	prediction and to be able to advice policy makers and
		management on decision making.
7.	Other Skills	To provide unbiased analysis of a microeconomic
		proposal before it is being implemented.

11. Transferable Skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

- Communicate and make effective oral presentations
- Work effectively both as an individual and as part of a group or team, recognizing and respecting the viewpoints of others
- Work with numerical data from a wide range of sources
- Work effectively with information technology in order to evaluate data and to present economic reports based on current economic conditions

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the micreconomic factors to practical factual scenarios in the industry currently.

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework – 25%

Examination – 75% (25% Midterms/50% Finals)

13. Synopsis:

- 1) Show students the relevance of statistics in microeconomics
- 2) Familiarize students with the statistical application used in the business world
- 3) Provide clear instruction to students for using statistical application for microeconomics
- 4) Give student an ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to economics

14. | Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials, Distance Learning

Coursework	25%
Examination	75%
TOTAL	100%

[ECO 102] Macroeconomics

1.	Name of Course: MACROECONOMICS
2.	Course Code: ECO 102
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: MS RENUKA J MENON

4. Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme:

Macroeconomics examines the main principles of determination of real income, employment and unemployment, the price level and inflation in an open mixed economy, and the conduct of macroeconomic policy. This part of the course is also dedicated to microeconomics foundations of macroeconomics, demand management policy, the neoclassical (Solow) growth model, inflation and unemployment

It also studies the aggregated indicators such as GDP, unemployment rates, national income, price indices, and the interrelations among the different sectors of the economy to better understand how the whole economy functions. This course will help develop models that explain the relationship between such factors as national income, output, consumption, unemployment, inflation, savings, investment, international trade and international finance.

5. Semester and Year offered:

Semester 3 of Year 1

6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		I	Face to F	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture	L	T	Sem	0		
	T= Tutorial P= Practical O= Others			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4	86	
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7.	Credit value:	4					
8.	Prerequisite ((if any):	- Nil	L			

9. **Course Objectives**:

The objective of the course is to equip the student with knowledge that is strongly rooted in economic principles so that they will be able to differentiate between economic models, understand issues pertaining to global and national economics, gain insight into choices that businesses must make, and learn the importance of managing personal finances and planning for ones future financial security. Students examine how the economy behaves at the aggregate level and how national income is measured and determined.

Topics include an overview of macroeconomics; measuring gross domestic product, inflation and unemployment; demand including the multiplier process; supply, business cycles, long-term growth; money, banking and monetary policy; inflation; interest rates; stagflation; deficits and fiscal policy; exchange rates and balance of payments; exchange rate policy; purchasing power and interest rate parity.

Mod	ule Learning Outcomes:	
	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	At the end of this modules the student will learn: 5) The importance of Macroeconomics 6) Neo classical and modern theories in Economics 7) Modern Economists- their views on the world economy 8) Learning to apply macroeconomics to the real world. 9) Understand the roles of fiscal and monetary policy in fighting recessions and inflation 10) Understand factors that contribute to and detract from long-term economic growth 11) Apply economic reasoning to understand the operation of an economy 12) Understand the interaction between the domestic economy and the rest of the world 13) Be able to apply basic international trade and finance concepts to global pricing issues, including working with exchange rates
2.	Application and problem solving	 6) Apply economic reasoning to the analysis of selected contemporary economic problems. 7) Understand how households (demand) and businesses (supply) interact in various market structures to determine price and quantity of goods and services produced and consumed. 8) Analyse the efficiency and equity implications of government interference in markets. 9) Recognize and identify situations leading to market failures and government failures. 10)
3.	Sources and research	Introduction to SPSS and other soft wares such as RISK to calculate the content of risk in an economy. 5) MyEconLab 6) Case studies 7) Learning with the WEB Cases
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	 6) The ethical issue of Macroeconomics 7) Evaluating super Economies 8) Quota/ Economic Sanctions- exchange rate fluctuations 9) Comparing the 3rd world economies in terms of fiscal and monetary policy
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	 4) Evaluate the intent and outcomes of government stabilization policies designed to correct macroeconomic problems. 5) Use economic problem solving skills to discuss the opportunities and challenges of the increasing globalization of the world economy.

6.	Communication and	To be able to use economic indicators and information for
	literacy	prediction and to be able to advice management on
		decision making.
7.	Other Skills	To provide unbiased analysis of a current economic event
		before it is being implemented Currently in use- Brexit.

11. Transferable Skills:

Students will begin to gain subject-specific but highly transferable rigorous skills. These include:

- Think critically about the limits of one's analysis in a broader socio-economic context
- Draw economic policy inferences and to recognize the potential constraints in their implementation.
- The ability to use abstraction; the ability to reason: analyze, deduce and induce the ability to present data; and the ability to frame for example how to isolate factors of critical importance when dealing with a problem.

12. | Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination - 75%

13. Synopsis:

- 5) Show students the relevance of Macroeconomics to real world events.
- 6) Familiarize students with the classical theory in economics still used in the business world
- 7) Provide a platform to discuss and analyse issues in Economics pertaining to unemployment and the financial aspects of government fiscal/monetary regulators.
- 8) Give student an ample practice in understanding how to apply Economics to their daily lives.

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures - presentation/ case study

Tutorial – topical questions/discussion on subtopics related to lecture

TOTAL	100%	
Examination	30%	
Final	50%	
Examination	25%	
Mid-term	25%	
Coursework	25%	

[MM 101] Marketing Management 1

1.	Name of Course: MANAGEMENT								
2.	Course Code: MGT 101/102								
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Lavinia Sivapalan								
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: This course is a study of management theories, emphasizing the management functions of planning, decision making, organizing, leading and controlling. It aims at introducing the student to the fundamental principles of management and organization theory.								
5.	Semester and Year offered: Sem 1, Year 1								
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		F	Face to Fa	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)		
	L= Lecture	L	Т	Sem	0				
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4				
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160		
7.	Credit value: 4								
8.	Prerequisite (if a	ny): - N	Jil						
9.	Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide students with a thorough and systematic coverage of management theory and practice. It focuses on the basic roles, skills and functions of management, with special attention to managerial responsibility for effective and efficient achievement of goals. Special attention is given to social responsibility, managerial ethics, and the importance of multinational organizations.								

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	5) Understanding management and organisation
		6) The role of managers
		7) Understand the constraints and challenges for the global manager
		8) Current issues in organisational cultures
2.	Application and	6) Understanding the global environment
	problem solving	7) Managing the global environment
		8) Challenges in managing diversity
		9) Green management and sustainability
		10) Social responsibility and Ethics issues
3.	Sources and research	4) How to manage change
		5) The stimulating innovation
		6) The change process
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	5) Understand the decision making process
	critical judgement and	6) Goal and plans
	evaluation	7) Corporate strategy
		8) Planning tools and Technique
5.	Autonomy and ability	6) Able to design organizational structure
	to learn	7) Able to organize for collaboration
		8) Able to manage human resource
		9) Able to put strategy for group development
		10) Understand the challenges in managing teams
6.	Communication and	6) Understand the goal of organisational behaviour
	literacy	7) Understand the nature and function of communication
		8) Use of Information Technology and communication
		9) Understand the theories of motivation
		10) Able to provide leadership in 21st Century environment
	Out a GUILL	3) Understand the use of tools for measuring organizational
7.	Other Skills	
7.	Other Skills	performances

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination - 75%

13. Synopsis:

The module deal with four important roles of managers which are planning, organizing, leading and controlling.

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Courseworkk	25%
Mid-term	25%
Final	50%
TOTAL	100%

[MM 102] Marketing Management 2

1.	Name of Course: MANAGEMENT									
2.	Course Code: MGT 101/102									
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Lavinia Sivapalan									
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: This course is a study of management theories, emphasizing the management functions of planning, decision making, organizing, leading and controlling. It aims at introducing the student to the fundamental principles of management and organization theory.									
5.	Semester and Year offered: Sem 1, Year 1									
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		ı	Face to F	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)			
	L= Lecture	L	T	Sem	0					
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4					
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160			
7.	Credit value: 4									
8.	Prerequisite (if a	i ny) : - N	lil							
9.	Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide students with a thorough and systematic coverage of management theory and practice. It focuses on the basic roles, skills and functions of management, with special attention to managerial responsibility for effective and efficient achievement of goals. Special attention is given to social responsibility, managerial ethics, and the importance of multinational organizations.									

10. **Module Learning Outcomes**:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	9) Understanding management and organisation
		10) The role of managers
		11) Understand the constraints and challenges for the global manager
		12) Current issues in organisational cultures
2.	Application and	11) Understanding the global environment
	problem solving	12) Managing the global environment
		13) Challenges in managing diversity
		14) Green management and sustainability
		15) Social responsibility and Ethics issues
3.	Sources and research	7) How to manage change
		8) The stimulating innovation
		9) The change process
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	9) Understand the decision making process
	critical judgement and	10) Goal and plans
	evaluation	11) Corporate strategy
		12) Planning tools and Technique
5.	Autonomy and ability	11) Able to design organizational structure
	to learn	12) Able to organize for collaboration
		13) Able to manage human resource
		14) Able to put strategy for group development
		15) Understand the challenges in managing teams
6.	Communication and	11) Understand the goal of organisational behaviour
	literacy	12) Understand the nature and function of communication
		13) Use of Information Technology and communication
		14) Understand the theories of motivation
		15) Able to provide leadership in 21st Century environment
7.	Other Skills	5) Understand the use of tools for measuring organizational
7.	Other Skills	5) Understand the use of tools for measuring organizational performances

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination - 75%

13. Synopsis:

The module deal with four important roles of managers which are planning, organizing, leading and controlling.

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Coursework	25%
Mid-term	25%
Examination	23/0
Final	50%
Examination	30%
TOTAL	100%

[BS 101] Basic Business Statistics 1

1.	Name of Course: BASIC BUSINESS STATISTICS 1						
2.	Course Code: Elective BUS 101						
3.	Name(s) of Acad	lemic St	aff: Dr Cha	intheney	v Velu		
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: This is a course in the basic statistical concepts and methods common in business applications. The emphasis is on parametric techniques used to describe and compare samples and populations. The goal is to introduce students to a new way of thinking about data, and to help them gain an understanding of how to use, communicate, and interpret statistics. It is a foundation course required of all business majors because statistics is an integral part of the structure and functions of business. The knowledge and skills students acquire will help them in advanced business courses and enhance their career opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, insurance and management.						
5.	Semester and Yes						
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		Face to Face			Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture	L	T	Sem	0		
	T= Tutorial						
	C= Coursework E= Exam				MID 3		
	E= Exam				FINAL 3		
				-	C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7.	Credit value: 4						
8.	Prerequisite (if a	ny): - N	Nil				
9.	Course Objective	es:					
	•				_		y and critically and n solving business

10. **Module Learning Outcomes**:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	At the end of this modules the student will learn :
		14) The importance of statistics
		15) Data collection
		16) Type of variables
		17) To use statistical programmes
2.	Application and	11) Presenting data in table and charts
	problem solving	12) Organizing numerical data
		13) Cross tabulation
		14) Scatter plot/time series plot
		15) Ethical issues
3.	Sources and research	8) Introduction to Microsoft Excel
		9) Introduction to PHSTAT 2
		10) Introduction to MINITAB
		11) Learning with WEB Cases
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	10) The ethical issue of probability sampling
	critical judgement and	11) Evaluating normality
	evaluation	12) Probability sampling vs Web-Based surveys
		13) Comparing the mean of two related populations
5.	Autonomy and ability	To organize and visualise data
	to learn	7) Statistical application in quality management
		8) Preparing the roadmap for analysing data
6.	Communication and	1) To be able to use statistical information for
	literacy	prediction
		2) To be able to advice policy makers and
		management on decision making.
7.	Other Skills	To provide unbiased analysis of the research proposal
		before it is implemented.

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship Using case history to apply statistical formulae and to provide prediction on how the results will change if certain parameters change.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of short essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply statistical principles to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. **Synopsis:**

- 9) Show students the relevance of statistics
- 10) Familiarize students with the statistical application used in the business world
- 11) Provide clear instruction to students for using statistical application
- 12) Give students ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to business

14. | Mode of delivery:

- Lecture
- Tutorial

Coursework	25%
Examination	75%
TOTAL	100%

[BS 102] Basic Business Statistics 2

1.	Name of Course: BASIC BUSINESS STATISTICS 2						
2.	Course Code: Elective BUS 102						
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Dr Chantheney Velu						
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: This is a course in the basic statistical concepts and methods common in business applications. The emphasis is on parametric techniques used to describe and compare samples and populations. The goal is to introduce students to a new way of thinking about data, and to help them gain an understanding of how to use, communicate, and interpret statistics. It is a foundation course required of all business majors because statistics is an integral part of the structure and functions of business. The knowledge and skills students acquire will help them in advanced business courses and enhance their career opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, insurance and management.						
5.	Semester and Year offered: Semester 2 Year 1						
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		Face to Face			Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture	L	Т	Sem	0		
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7.	Credit value: 4						
	Prerequisite (if any): - Nil						

9. Course Objectives:

The objective of the course is to produce graduates that can think clearly and critically and apply the knowledge of Business Statistics in decision making when solving business problems.

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	At the end of this modules the student will learn :
		1. Fundamentals of Hypothesis Testing: One-Sample Tests
		Fundamentals of Hypothesis Testing Methodology
		Fundamentals of Hypothesis for the Mean
		One Tail Test
		Z Test of Hypothesis for the Proportion
		2. Two-Sample Tests
		Comparing Means of 2 Independent Populations
		Comparing Means of 2 Related Populations
		Comparing the Proportions of 2 Independent Populations
2.	Application and	3 Chi-Square Tests and Nonparametric Tests
	problem solving	16) Chi-Square Test for Difference Between 2 Proportions
		17) Chi-Square Test for Difference Between More Than 2 Proportions
		18) Chi-Square Test for Independence
		19) McNemar Test for Difference Between 2 Proportions
		20) Chi-Square Test for the Variance or Standard
3.	C1	Deviation
3.	Sources and research	12) Introduction to SPSS
		13) Learning with WEB Cases
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	5 Simple Linear Regression
	critical judgement and	Types of Regression Models
	evaluation	Determining Simple Linear Regression Equations
		Measures of Variations
		Assumptions

	1	
		Residual Analysis
		Measuring Autocorrelation
		Inferences About Slope and Correlation Coefficient
		6 Statistical Applications in Quality Management
		Theory of Control Charts
		Control Chart for the Proportion: P Chart
		Control Chart for the Area of Opportunity: C Chart
		Control Charts for Range and Mean
		Process Capability
		Total Quality Management
		6 Sigma
5	Autonomy and ability	7 Time-Series Forecasting
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	7 Time-Series Forecasting • Importance of Business Forecasting
5.		Importance of Business Forecasting
5.		 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models
5.		 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series
5.		 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series Least Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting
5.		 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series
5.		 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series Least Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting
	to learn	 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series Least Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting Choosing Appropriate Forecasting Model
	to learn Communication and	 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series Least Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting Choosing Appropriate Forecasting Model To be able to use statistical information for
	to learn Communication and	 Importance of Business Forecasting Component Factors of Time-Series Models Smoothing Annual Time Series Least Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting Choosing Appropriate Forecasting Model To be able to use statistical information for prediction

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

Using case history to apply statistical formulae and to provide prediction on how the results will change if certain parameters change.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of short essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply statistical principles to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. **Synopsis:**

- 13) Show students the relevance of statistics
- 14) Familiarize students with the statistical application used in the business world
- 15) Provide clear instruction to students for using statistical application
- 16) Give students ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to business

14. Mode of delivery:

- Lecture
- Tutorial

Coursework	25%
Examination	75%
TOTAL	100%

[OB 101/102] Organisational Behaviour

Credit value: 4

Prerequisite (if any): - Nil

7.

				_			
1.	Name of Course: Organizational Behaviour						
2.	Course Code: OB 101/102						
3.	Name(s) of Acad	lemic St	aff: Dr Ra	ken/Ms.	Elfleda		
4.	Rationale for the	e inclusi	on of the	course in	the programme:		
	Organizational behavior is the study of how organizations can be structures more effectively, and how several events in their outside situations effect organizations. Learning about organizational behavior in today's business environment could help managers build up a better work related understanding of themselves and their subsidiary. With this knowledge managers can achieve a successful career. Since a manager needs to get his job done by the others, to have an organizational behavior skills become a valuable talent. As the environment of business is always changing, the role of the managers has become more sensitive. In order to know how to handle a new workforce, and deal with the complication of the new environment, the supervisors need to develop their information about attitude and behavior of individuals, and groups in organization. Now we know not only the hard skills is important for get the job done, soft skills are helps managers to do their job more effectively and efficiently						
5.	Semester and Ye Year 1	ear offe	red:				
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)					Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)	
	L= Lecture	L	Т	Р	0		
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90 (91 rounded down)	160
7	Cradit value: 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	·	·

9. **Course Objectives**:

- 1) Demonstrate the importance of interpersonal skills in the workplace.
- 2) Describe the manager's functions, roles, and skills
- 3) Define organizational behaviour (OB)
- 4) Show the value to OB of systematic study
- 5) Identify the major behavioural science disciplines that contribute to OB
- 6) Demonstrate why few absolutes apply to OB
- 7) Identify the challenges and opportunities managers have in applying OB concepts
- 8) Compare the three levels of analysis in this book's OB model

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	Describe the two major forms of workforce diversity
		2) Contrast the three components of an attitude
		3) Compare and contrast the main ways jobs can be
		redesigned
		4) Define group and distinguish the different types of groups
		5) Define leadership and contrast leadership and
		management
		6) Define power and contrast leadership and power
		7) Define conflict
		8) Identify the six elements of an organization's structure
		9) Define organizational culture and describe its common
		characteristics
		10) Define initial selection, and identify the most useful
		methods
		11) Define substantive selection, and identify the most useful
		methods
		12) Define contingent selection, and contrast the arguments
		for and against drug testing
		Identify forces that act as stimulants to change and contrast
		planned and unplanned change
2.	Application and	1) Identify the key biographical characteristics and describe
	problem solving	how they are relevant to OB
		2) Describe the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator personality
		framework and assess its strengths and weaknesses
		3) Define perception and explain the factors that influence it
		4) Describe the three keys elements of motivation
		5) Identify the five stages of group development
		6) Identify the main functions of communication
		7) Summarize the conclusions of trait theories of leadership
		8) Contrast the five bases of power
		9) Identify nine power or influence tactics and their
		contingencies
		10) Differentiate between the traditional, interactionist, and

		managed-conflict views of conflict
		11) Identify the characteristics of a bureaucracy
		12) Compare the functional and dysfunctional effects of
		organizational culture on people and the organization
		13) List the sources for resistance to change
3.	Sources and research	Define intellectual ability and demonstrate its relevance to
		OB
		2) Define job satisfaction and show how we can measure it
		3) Discuss whether emotions are rational and what functions they serve
		4) Identify the sources of emotions and moods
		5) Apply concepts about emotions and moods to specific OB
		issues
		6) Contrast the experience, interpretation, and expression o
		emotions across cultures
		7) Describe the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator personality
		framework and assess its strengths and weakness
		8) Identify the key traits in the Big Five personality model
		9) Compare generational differences in values and identify
		the dominant values in today's workforce
		10) Explain attribution theory and list the three determinants
		of attribution
		11) List and explain the common decision biases or errors
		12) Identify early theories of motivation and evaluate their
		applicability today
		13) Apply the predictions of self-determination theory to
		intrinsic and extrinsic rewards
		14) Compare and contrast the main ways jobs can be
		redesigned
		15) Demonstrate how norms and status exert influence on an individual's behaviour
		16) Contrast groups and teams
		17) Compare and contrast four types of teams
		18) Identify the central tenets and main limitations of
		behavioural theories
		19) Compare and contrast charismatic and transformational
		leadership
		20) Show the connection between sexual harassment and the
		abuse of power
		21) Distinguish between legitimate and illegitimate political
		behaviour
		22) Outline the conflict process
		23) Define negotiation
		24) Identify the characteristics of a virtual organization
		25) Show how globalization affects organizational structure
		26) Identify the factors that create and sustain an
		organization's culture
		27) Compare the four main types of training
		28) Compare the four main approaches to managing
		organizational change
		29) Contrast the individual and organizational approaches to

		managing stress
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	1) Contrast intellectual ability and demonstrate its relevance
	critical judgement and	to OB
	evaluation	2) Contrast the three components of an attitude
		3) Compare and contrast the major job attitudes
		4) Differentiate emotions from moods and list the basic
		emotions and moods
		5) Show the impact emotional labor has on employees
		6) Contrast the evidence for and against the existence of emotional intelligence
		7) Demonstrate how the Big Five traits predict behaviour at
		work
		8) Identify other personality traits relevant to OB
		9) Identify Hofstede's five value dimensions of national culture
		10) Identify the shortcuts individuals use in making
		judgements about others
		11) Explain the link between perception and decision making
		12) Apply the rational model of decision making and contrast i
		with bounded rationality and intuition
		13) Define creativity and discuss the three-component model
		of creativity
		14) Compare and contrast goal-setting theory and
		management by objectives
		15) Contrast reinforcement theory and goal-setting theory
		16) Compare contemporary theories of motivation
		17) Identify three alternative work arrangements and show
		how they might motivate employees
		18) Give examples of employee involvement measures and
		show how they can motivate employees
		19) Demonstrate how the different types of variable-pay
		programs can increase employee motivation
		20) Show how role requirements change in different situations
		21) Show how group size affects group performance
		22) Evaluate evidence for cultural differences in group status and social loafing as well as the effects of diversity in
		groups
		23) Analyse the growing popularity of teams in organizations
		24) Show how organizations can create team players
		25) Describe the communication process and distinguish between formal and informal communication
		26) Contrast downward, upward, and lateral communication,
		and provide examples of each
		27) Assess contingency theories of leadership by their level of
		support
		28) Demonstrate the role mentoring plays in our understanding of leadership
		29) Assess whether charismatic and transformational
		leadership generalize across cultures
		30) Identify the causes and consequences of political
		behaviour

	I	
		31) Apply impression management techniques
		32) Determine whether a political action is ethical
		33) Show the influence of culture on the uses and perceptions of politics
		34) Contrast distributive and integrative bargaining
		35) Apply the five steps of the negotiation process
		36) Describe a matrix organization
		37) Show why managers want to create boundaryless organizations
		38) Show how culture is transmitted to employees
		39) Demonstrate how an ethical culture can be created
		40) Contrast formal and informal training methods
		41) Contrast on-the-job and off-the-job training
		42) Demonstrate two ways of creating a culture for change
		43) Define stress and identify its potential sources
		44) Identify the consequences of stress
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	 Describe how organizations manage diversity effectively Show whether job satisfaction is a relevant concept in countries other than the United States
		3) Discuss whether emotions are rational and what functions
		they serve
		4) Identify the sources of emotions and moods
		5) Contrast the experience, interpretation, and expression of emotions across cultures
		6) Define values, demonstrate the importance of values, and
		contrast terminal and instrumental values
		7) Contrast the three ethical decision criteria
		8) Demonstrate how organizational justice is a refinement of
		equity theory
		9) Show how flexible benefits turn benefits into motivators
		10) Contrast the benefits and disadvantages of cohesive
		making
		_
		14) Analyse the behavioural implications of different organizational designs
		15) Describe a positive organizational culture
		16) Identify characteristics of a spiritual culture
		17) Describe the purposes of performance evaluation and list
		the methods by which it can be done
		18) Describe how organizations can manage work-family conflicts
6.	Communication and	
	literacy	·
	_	2) Summarize the main causes of job satisfaction
		3) Identify four employee responses to dissatisfaction
		4) Describe affective events theory and identify its
6.		groups 11) Contrast the strengths and weakness of group decision making 12) Decide when to use individuals instead of teams 13) Show how individual differences influence negotiations 14) Analyse the behavioural implications of different organizational designs 15) Describe a positive organizational culture 16) Identify characteristics of a spiritual culture 17) Describe the purposes of performance evaluation and list the methods by which it can be done 18) Describe how organizations can manage work-family conflicts 1) Show how culture affects our understanding of biographical characteristics and intellectual abilities 2) Summarize the main causes of job satisfaction 3) Identify four employee responses to dissatisfaction

	EV E database traffich date.
	5) Explain how individual differences and organizational
	constraints affect decision making
	Apply the key tenets of expectancy theory to motivating employees
	7) Show how motivation theories are culture bound
	8) Identify the motivational benefits of intrinsic rewards
	9) Compare the effectiveness of interacting, brainstorming,
	nominal, and electronic meeting groups
	10) Identify the characteristics of effective teams
	11) Show how our understanding of teams differs in a global context
	12) Contrast oral, written , and nonverbal communication
	13) Contrast formal communication networks and the grapevine
	14) Analyse the advantages and challenges of electronic
	communication
	15) Show how channel richness underlies the choice of
	communication channel
	16) Identify common barriers to effective communication
	17) Show how to overcome the potential problems in cross- cultural communication
	18) Address challenges to the effectiveness of leadership
	19) Assess the roles and functions of third-party negotiations
	20) Describe cultural differences in negotiations
	21) Show how national culture may affect the way
	organizational culture is transported to a different country
	22) Show how managers can improve performance evaluation
	23) Show how a global context affects human resource
	management
	24) Explain global differences in organizational change and
7. Other Skills	work stress
7. Other Skills	None

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

Transferable Skills:

- Analyse and evaluate simulated and 'real life' situations
- Evaluate the usefulness of the concepts and theories
- Develop skills in self- management, small group and project management
- Develop skills in questioning and reflection

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the concepts of Organizational Behaviour to practical developments in the industry.

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. Synopsis:

This course focuses on three major areas:

- Individual Behaviour and processes
- Team processes
- Organisational Processes

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Coursework	25%
Final	75%
TOTAL	100%

UKTB MODULES (YEAR 2)

[SM 201/202] Strategic Management

Name of Course: Strategic Management						
Course Code: SM 201 / 202						
Name(s) of Acad	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Renuka Menon					
Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: Recently more and more students opt to pursue Law degree with the intention of not pursuing legal field but to enhance their career opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, Insurance and Management. The student will transfer to UK Universities for the final year LLB and Business Degree qualification (double degree). This is a non- qualifying degree which will not enable the student to practice as a legal practitioner in Malaysia.						
Semester and Ye Year 2	ear offe	red:				
Total Students Learning Time (SLT)	rning Time Face to Face Self- Student Learning Time Learning Learning Time				Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)	
L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	Т	Sem	O MID TERM 3 FINAL 3 C/W 7		
Total Hours	42	28	5	13	112	200
Credit value: 5						
Prerequisite (if any): - Nil						
 Course Objectives: Describe the strategic-management process. Explain the need for integrating analysis and intuition in strategic management. Define and give examples of key terms in strategic management. Discuss the nature of strategy formulation, implementation, and evaluation activities. Describe the benefits of good strategic management. Discuss the relevance of Sun Tzu's The Art of War to strategic management. Discuss how a firm may achieve sustained competitive advantage 						
	Course Code: SM Name(s) of Acad Rationale for the Recently more an field but to enha and Managemer Degree qualificate student to practive Semester and Ye Year 2 Total Students Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam Total Hours Credit value: 5 Prerequisite (if and Course Objective 1) Describe the 2) Explain the re 3) Define and ge 4) Discuss the re 5) Describe the 6) Discuss the re 6) Discuss the re	Course Code: SM 201 / 2 Name(s) of Academic St Rationale for the inclusi Recently more and more field but to enhance the and Management. The Degree qualification (do student to practice as a Semester and Year offer Year 2 Total Students Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture L T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam Total Hours 42 Credit value: 5 Prerequisite (if any): - N Course Objectives: 1) Describe the strateg 2) Explain the need for 3) Define and give exar 4) Discuss the nature o 5) Describe the benefit 6) Discuss the relevance	Course Code: SM 201 / 202 Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Re Rationale for the inclusion of the category of the category of the inclusion of the category of	Course Code: SM 201 / 202 Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Renuka Mc Rationale for the inclusion of the course in Recently more and more students opt to putield but to enhance their career opporturand Management. The student will transfe Degree qualification (double degree). This student to practice as a legal practitioner in Semester and Year offered: Year 2 Total Students Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture	Course Code: SM 201 / 202 Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Renuka Menon Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: Recently more and more students opt to pursue Law degree with field but to enhance their career opportunity in areas of busin and Management. The student will transfer to UK Universities Degree qualification (double degree). This is a non-qualifying student to practice as a legal practitioner in Malaysia. Semester and Year offered: Year 2 Total Students Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture	Course Code: SM 201 / 202 Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Renuka Menon Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: Recently more and more students opt to pursue Law degree with the intention field but to enhance their career opportunity in areas of business, banking, and Management. The student will transfer to UK Universities for the final y Degree qualification (double degree). This is a non- qualifying degree which student to practice as a legal practitioner in Malaysia. Semester and Year offered: Year 2 Total Students Learning Time (SLT) L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam Total Hours 42 28 5 MID TERM 3 FINAL 3 C/W 7 Total Hours Credit value: 5 Prerequisite (if any): - Nil Course Objectives: Describe the strategic-management process. Explain the need for integrating analysis and intuition in strategic manager and possible the benefits of good strategic management. Discuss the nature of strategy formulation, implementation, and evaluation Describe the benefits of good strategic management. Discuss the relevance of Sun Tzu's The Art of War to strategic management.

10. **Module Learning Outcomes**:

	Learning outcome	•			
1.	Knowledge	1) Describe the nature and role of vision and missio			
		statements in strategic management.			
		2) Describe how to perform an internal strategic-managemen			
		audit.			
		3) Explain the First Mover Advantages concept.			
		4) Describe a three-stage framework for choosing amon			
		alternative strategies.			
		5) Explain why organizational structure is so important i			
		strategy implementation.			
		6) Discuss protectionism as it impacts the world economy.			
2.	Application and	1) Explain the need for integrating analysis and intuition i			
	problem solving	strategic management.			
		2) Discuss why the process of developing a mission statemer			
		is as important as the resulting document.			
		3) Identify the components of mission statements.			
		4) Describe how to conduct an external strategic-managemer			
		audit.			
		5) Explain the importance of financial ratio analysis.			
		6) Identify numerous examples of organizations pursuin			
		different types of strategies.			
		7) Discuss joint ventures as a way to enter the Russian market			
		8) Explain why strategy implementation is more difficult tha			
		strategy formulation.			
		9) Discuss procedures for determining the worth of a busines.			
		10) Describe a practical framework for evaluating strategies.			
		11) Explain why whistle-blowing is important to encourage in			
		firm.			
		12) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of enterin			
		global markets.			
3.	Sources and research	1) Evaluate mission statements of different organizations.			
		2) Identify 16 types of business strategies.			
		3) Describe strategic management in non-profi			
		governmental, and small organizations.			
		4) Discuss recent transfer in outcomeins			
		4) Discuss recent trends in outsourcing.			
		5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i			
		5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b			
		5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented.			
		5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented.6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and page 1.			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development in the strategies. 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development i strategy implementation. 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development i strategy implementation. 9) Explain why strategy evaluation is complex, sensitive, an 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to be implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pato strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development is strategy implementation. 9) Explain why strategy evaluation is complex, sensitive, any yet essential for organizational success. 			
		 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies is achieving organizational commitment for strategies to be implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and parto strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development is strategy implementation. 9) Explain why strategy evaluation is complex, sensitive, an yet essential for organizational success. 10) Discuss the global challenge facing American firms. 			
4.	Analysis, synthesis,	 5) Discuss the importance of annual objectives and policies i achieving organizational commitment for strategies to b implemented. 6) Explain how a firm can effectively link performance and pa to strategies. 7) Discuss the culture in Mexico and Japan. 8) Discuss the nature and role of research and development i strategy implementation. 9) Explain why strategy evaluation is complex, sensitive, an yet essential for organizational success. 			

evaluation	2) Discuss the importance of monitoring external trends and events.
	3) Describe the trend toward cooperation among competitors.
	4) Discuss key interrelationships among the functional areas of
	business.
	5) Explain how to determine and prioritize a firm's internal
	strengths and weakness.
	6) Explain benchmarking as a strategic management tool.
	7) Discuss the value of establishing long-term objectives.
	8) Compare and contrast financial with strategic objectives.
	9) Discuss the levels of strategies in large versus small firms.
	10) Identify important behavioural, political, ethical, and social
	responsibility considerations in strategy analysis and choice.
	11) Discuss the role of organizational culture in strategic analysis and choice.
	12) Describe the glass ceiling in the United States.
	13) Explain market segmentation and product positioning as
	strategy-implementation tools.
	14) Explain why projected financial statement analysis is a
	central strategy-implementation tool.
	15) Explain how to evaluate the attractiveness of debt versus
	stock as a source of capital to implement strategies.
	16) Discuss the importance of contingency planning in strategy
	evaluation.
	17) Discuss three twenty-first-century challenges in strategic
	management. 18) Explain how firms can best ensure that their code of
	business ethics guides decision making instead of being
	ignored.
	19) Explain when and why a firm (or industry) may need to
	become more or less global in nature to compete.
5. Autonomy and ability	1) Write a good vision and mission statements.
to learn	2) Discuss important forecasting tools used in strategic management.
	3) Discuss market commonality and resources similarity in
	relation to competitive analysis.
	4) Identify the basic functions or activities that make up
	management, marketing, finance/accounting,
	production/operations, research and development, and
	management information systems.
	5) Discuss guidelines when particular strategies are most appropriate to pursue.
	6) Discuss the Balanced Scorecard.
	7) Discuss the role of intuition in strategic analysis and choice.
	8) Compare and contrast restructuring and reengineering.
	9) Discuss employee stock ownership plans (ESOPs) as a
	strategic-management concept.
	10) Discuss the role of auditing in strategy evaluation.
	11) Discuss specific ways that firms can be good stewards of the
	natural environment.
	12) Compare and contrast the culture in the United States with

		Mexico and Japan.
6.	Communication and	1) Describe key sources of external information, including the
	literacy	Internet.
		2) Discuss the importance of gathering competitive
		intelligence.
		3) Discuss the nature and role of management information
		systems in strategic management.
		4) Discuss strategies for competing in turbulent, high-velocity markets.
		5) Discuss the role of a board of directors in choosing among alternative strategies.
		6) Describe the relationships between production/operations
		and strategy implementation.
		7) Describe how to modify an organizational culture to support
		new strategies.
		8) Explain how management information systems can
		determine the success of strategy-implementation efforts.
		9) Explain how computers can aid in evaluating strategies.
		10) Discuss the nature and role of corporate sustainability
		reports.
7	O(1 01-111-	11) Discuss communication differences across countries.
7.	Other Skills	1) Discuss how a firm may achieve sustained competitive advantage.
		2) Explain how to develop an EFE Matrix.
		3) Explain how to develop a Competitive Profile Matrix.
		4) Discuss the Resource-Based View (RBV) in strategic
		management.
		5) Develop an Internal Factor Evaluation (IFE) Matrix.
		6) Discuss Porter's five generic strategies.
		7) Explain how to develop a SWOT Matrix, SPACE Matrix, BCG
		Matrix, IE Matrix, and QSPM.
		8) Discuss the Balanced Scorecard.
		9) Explain ISO 14000 and 14001.

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

- Able to apply and understand and analyse the development on Strategic Management.
- Able to work independently and to take responsibility for their own learning.

12. | Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios.

Final Examination: 75%

Coursework: 25%

13. **Synopsis:**

As students draw closer to meeting the full requirements for graduating from the program, it is absolutely essential that they have the opportunity to integrate and synthesise the knowledge and competencies developed to date in relation to their professional and managerial responsibilities.

This course allows students to identify and articulate the strategic issues that organisations are confronting. Students will be able to draw upon some of the critical concepts, techniques and information from other courses studied in order to develop informative and comprehensive responses to some of the key questions encountered in the strategic management of an organisation.

This course provides a framework for analysis and integration by focusing attention on the development of an organisation's strategic directions, strategic capabilities and internal and external dynamics.

14. Mode of delivery:

- Lecture
- Tutorial
- Distance Learning

Coursework	25%
Mid Term	25%
Final	50%
TOTAL	100%

[OM 201/202] Operations Management

1.	Name of Course: OPER	RATIONS	MANAGEN	/IEN I			
2.	Course Code: OM 201,	/202					
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms. Lavinia Sivapalan						
 4. 5. 	Rationale for the inclu Operations manageme with a basic framework private, public or volum the importance of focu	ent is one rk for un ntary sec using on	e of the ce aderstandin stors. In add suppliers a	ntral fur ng this fu dition, th nd custo	nctions of all organism unction, whether pro- is course discusses t	ducing goods	or services or in the
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)					Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)	
	L= Lecture	L	T	Sem	0		
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90	160
7.	Credit value: 4						
8.	Prerequisite (if any): -	Nil					
9.	management f To understand the overall stra To understand decisions and of	function I the vari ategies o I the imp operatio I contem	in any orga ous produc of organisat portance of ns. nporary ope	nisation ction and ions. product	d operations design dealign dealign dealign decisions and manufacturing	lecisions and h s and its impac organizational	ow they relate to

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	T	
	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Demonstrate knowledge of fundamental concepts of operations management and approaches to operational performance improvement.	 To synthesize the depth and breadth of operations management knowledge, knowledge of methodologies and application of the knowledge. To evaluate approaches to problem solving and process improvement in production settings.
2.	Identify the roles and responsibilities of operations managers in different organizational contexts and the operations management aspects in their work.	 Appraise and apply forecasting methods as the basis of management's planning and control activity. Assess and formulate decision making strategies to address operating issues that have short, intermediate or long lead times.
3.	Apply the 'transformation model' to identify the inputs, transformation processes and outputs of an organization.	 Critically evaluate the operations function in manufacturing and service production settings. To understand the importance of product and design decisions and its impact on other design decisions and operations.
4.	Describe the boundaries of an operations system and recognize its interfaces with other functional areas within the organization and with its external environment.	To understand contemporary operations and manufacturing organizational approaches and the supply chain management activities and the renewed importance of this aspect of organizational strategy.

11. Transferable skills:

Insight and analytical, communication, operations management, problem solving, specific business skills.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework – 25% Mid Term Examination – 25% Final Examination – 50%

13. **Synopsis:**

This module aims to provide students with a broad understanding and knowledge of several operations management concepts. Such concepts include (but are not limited to) operations strategy, process design, forecasting, inventory management, scheduling and quality management. Emphasis will be placed on the application of these concepts to actual business situations.

14. | Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

Coursework	25%
Mid-term	25%
Final	50%
TOTAL	100%

[HRM 201/202] Human Resource Management

1.	Name of Course: Human Resource Management						
2.	Course Code: HR	201/20	2				
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Raken Marimuthu						
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: Human Resource Management as a specialisation within a general business degree, preparing students to meet high standards of professional excellence with knowledge and skills that are recognised globally. The lectures combine theory with practical content to keep you in touch with real-world working experiences envisaging recruitment and selection, motivation, determination of pay, promotion, occupational health and safety, training and development, and international human resource management.						d skills that are p you in touch with ion, determination
5.	Semester and Ye Year 2 Semester		red:				
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		F	ace to F	ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	Т	P	O MID TERM 3 FINAL 3 C/W 7		
	Total Hours	42	28	5	13	112	200
7.	Credit value: 5						
8.	-		Nil				
9.	 Course Objectives: a. To introduce students to fundamental theories in the area of people management. b. Enable students to appreciate and apply the basic conceptual notions in understanding the complexities of managing people in the workplace. c. Be aware of the main elements of the human resource management cycle within organisations through elaborating on a range of conceptual terms and frameworks in people management area. d. Encourage students to adopt an academically informed, objective approach in their discussion on HRM issues in business organisations. 						

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	By the end of this course, students should be able to: 1. Discuss with confidence their theoretical knowledge about the principles and practices relating to various component parts of the human resource management. 2. Employ relevant literature in relation to the discussion on people management problems. 3. Identify issues in the human resource management cycle, relating to people management within the context of complex organisations and the people who work within them with comparison case studies on Malaysian HRM. Evaluate HRM practices in business organisations objectively.
2.	Application and problem solving	Students will acquire the knowledge and the skills to interpret the fundamentals of HRM and apply them in the different complex contextual situations of HR Management to solve job related problems.
3.	Sources and research	The focus of the sources and research will be geared to see how the overall objectives of the organization is achieved in the application of the HRM process. This will allow the students to continuously relate HRM practice to the overall gaol of the company.
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	The structure of the program will envisage the day to day problems faced by the HR Manager where the students will be required to analyse and study the context to make the best decision in the interest of all stake holders.
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	Students will be encouraged to do their own learning process and will be empowered to make judgements on issues related to HRM. The strategy will give momentum for students to do their own research and find innovations to the decision making and problem solving process. Case studies will be used for this autonomous learning process.
6.	Communication and literacy	There will be emphasis on the presentation skills to deliver decisions made in the HR literary context. The ability to relate both in the different media will be imperative for this program
7.	Other Skills	The program will enable students to use their common sense to discern the facts based on ground realities which are dynamic in the HR operational context. The program will also enable students to apply the human factor in all the decision making process so that they will not become robotic in the application of the HRM Principles.

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

- 1. Learn to apply theories in solving practical problems that appear in the case studies
- 2. Relate the knowledge to the practical context of HR Management
- 3. Interpret the subject content to multi-cultural and multi-national situations
- 4. Be able to execute the job duties of a HR Executive
- 5. Communicate effectively the principles and the practice of HR
- 6. Be able to apply the synchronize the knowledge to achieve the overall goals of the company
- 7. Use the HR knowledge in all problem solving situations
- 8. Interpret basic fundamentals of HR management to achieve desired objectives of the company.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination – 75%

13. Synopsis:

This course examines the role of the human resource professional as a strategic partner in managing today's organizations. Key functions such as recruitment, selection, development, appraisal, retention, compensation, and labour relations are examined. Implications of legal and global environments are appraised and current issues such as diversity training, sexual harassment policies, and rising benefit costs are analysed. Best practices of employers of choice are considered.

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

TOTAL	100%
Final	50%
Mid-term	25%
Coursework	25%

[FM 201] Financial Management

- Name of Course: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT 1
 Course Code: Core FM 201
- 3. Name(s) of Academic Staff: Mr. Gopal Krishna

4. Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme:

More and more students have been found to opt to pursue a Law degree with the intention of not pursuing their career in the legal field but to enhance their carrier opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, insurance and management. A reasonable knowledge of financial management is important for the areas stated. The student will be transferred to UK Universities for the final year LLB and Business Degree qualification (double degree).

5. Semester and Year offered:

Year 2, Sem 1

6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)		Fa	ice to I	-ace	Self- Learning (hours)	Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial	L	Т	Se m	0		
	C= Coursework E= Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4		
	Total Hours	35	21	4	10	90	160
7	Cradit value: 4						

- 7. Credit value: 4
- 8. | Prerequisite (if any): Nil

9. Course Objectives:

The objective of the course is to provide students with the knowledge and skill in the area of financial management. Students will learn how to interface with accounting and financial matters of an organisation and understand how firms finance their activities and make financial decisions. This course will also highlight the financial tools and techniques used to help firms maximize value by improving decisions relating to capital budgeting, capital structure, and working capital management. This course will also deal with a number of related topics, including multinational financial management, risk management, mergers and acquisitions

Lear	Learning outcomes:							
	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes						
1.	Knowledge	Able to define the financial manager's role and the financial decision making process Able to describe the financial tools available for financial management						
2.	Application and problem solving	Will help in identifying the right sources of funds for respective applications Illustrate how a financial manager converts financial data for the management of information through the following: • divisional / department performance reports • project / activity reports • interpretation of financial statements • risk analysis						
3.	Sources and research	The primary concern of financial management is the appraisal rather than the techniques of financial quantification. A financial manager looks at the available data to judge the performance of enterprises. Managerial finance is an interdisciplinary approach that borrows from both financial/ managerial accounting and corporate finance.						
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	The ability to analyse the data and information available and synthesised using the various tools and techniques acquired and exposed to Form an appropriate critical judgement from the results and findings Capable of evaluating the possible outcome from the various applications of the strategies						
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	It will be the key indicators for overall financial decision making of the business and organisation, through - results by department, activities or work area - costing centres and - evaluation of capital proposals						
6.	Communication and literacy	Understand the nature, function, and significance of individual and business relationships integrated with general financial literacy. The acquisition of decision-making skills to set and implement financial goals and values The ability to communicate effectively the elements of awareness, sources of income and the relationship between income and budget preparation, crisis management, money management, saving, investing, and						

		retirement planning.
7.	Other Skills	Ability to integrate knowledge from other modules

11. Transferable Skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed; project /practical experience and internship

- 1. Self-direction, self-discipline and time management
- 2. Problem identification and solving
- 3. Critical reflection
- 4. Analytical thinking
- 5. Oral communication skills
- 6. Ability to sift, organize and deploy large quantities of data and information
- 7. Writing skills
- 8. Appropriate presentation of written material

12. Teaching-learning and assessment strategy

Interactive teaching techniques employed, using slides, notes, textbooks and case studies to deliver the subject matter. Besides the use of quizzes, presentation and MCQ's for the continuous evaluation, the theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the knowledge to practical factual scenarios.

Mid Term Examination: 25% Final Examination: 50% Coursework: 25%

13. Synopsis

Students will be familiar with:

- a) Analysing the techniques of financial appraisal in a series of decision-making contexts.
- b) Providing a detailed examination of the principles of financial management and financial reporting and their links with accounting, economic and organisational theory, highlighting their links to corporate governance and stakeholder institutions.
- c) Enabling stakeholders to acquire an understanding of company performance through the analysis of financial reports, whilst critiquing their usefulness for the needs of stakeholders.
- d) The examination of the sources of finance and mechanisms for financial planning in a variety of organisations, together with a range of financial management tools and concepts available to managers to facilitate financial decision-making.
- e) A foundation of knowledge and understanding as a basis for further in-depth study of financial modules or the dissertation.

14. Mode of Delivery

- Lecture
- Tutorial
- Case studies

15.	Assessment Methods and Types									
	Type of		Word Length	Duration						
	Assessment	Weighting								
	Assignment	25%	2000 – 3000 word	Week 17						
			count							
	Examination Mid Term 25%		-	1 st Intake (January)						
				2 nd Intake (April)						
	Final	50%		3 rd Intake (September)						

[FM 202] Financial Management 2

1.	Nar	Name of Course: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT 2							
2.	Course Code: Core FM 202								
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Mr. Gopal Krishna								
4.	Mor purs ban imp	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: More and more students have been found to opt to pursue a Law degree with the intention of not pursuing their career in the legal field but to enhance their carrier opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, insurance and management. A reasonable knowledge of financial management is important for the areas stated. The student will be transferred to UK Universities for the final year LLB and Business Degree qualification (double degree).							
5.		nester and \ r 2, Sem 2	ear off	ered:					
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT) Face to Face Face to Face Learning (hours) Self- Learning Time (hours) Student Learning Time (SLT) (hours)							Time	
	L= L	ecture	L	Т	Sem	0			
	C= Cou	rsework Exam			-	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 4			
	Tota	al Hours	35	21	4	10	90	160)
7.	Cre	dit value: 4							
8.	Pre	requisite (if	any): -	Nil					
9.	The skill tech will app the sem	Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide students with an enhancement of the knowledge and skill in the area of financial management. Students will learn how to apply the tools and techniques acquired to interface with accounting and finance matters of departments They will be able to identify the right combination of funds from the different sources for the appropriate application. Just like all the other modules, students should be able to integrate the knowledge acquired from not only the earlier modules but the other modules of this semester.							
10	Learı	ning outcon		T T					1
•		Learning	outcom	-		Specific Outco			
	1.	Knowledge		respo	onsibility	stand the financial r in financial decision	making		
					to acquii niques .	e the skills in using	the financial to	ools and	

2.	Application and problem solving	The ability in identifying and applying the skills in sourcing the right funds for the appropriate application
		The ability to apply the knowledge acquired to advise on divisional / department performance reports
		The capability to interpret project / activity reports
		Assist in solving financial problems encountered by departments/divisions
3.	Sources and research	Ability to source for data and information from databases, finance houses, trading associations publications and journals
		Able to pursue appropriate research in solving problems encountered by an organisation
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	The ability in analysing the performances of the departments/divisions Able to synthesise available data and information to
		advise the management on the right course of action.
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	The readiness to take autonomous decisions in crtical situations.
		The continuous readiness to learn and upgrade knowledge to keep with the dynamic business environment.
6.	Communication and literacy	This module enhances the student's ability to communicate effectively with subordinates and the management. The awareness of the changing environment, economy,
		business trend, technology to stay aligned to the challenges to be faced. Sharpen the skills to coordinate and communicate effectively with customers, investors, the government and
		the other stakeholders
7.	Other Skills	Ability to integrate and apply the knowledge acquired from the other modules

11 Transferable Skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed; project /practical experience and internship

Enhancement of:

9. Self-direction, self-discipline and time management

- 10. Problem identification and solving
- 11. Critical reflection
- 12. Analytical thinking
- 13. Oral communication skills
- 14. Ability to sift, organize and deploy large quantities of data and information
- 15. Writing skills
- 16. Appropriate presentation of written material

12 | Teaching-learning and assessment strategy

Interactive teaching techniques employed, using slides, notes, textbooks and case studies to deliver the subject matter. Besides the use of quizzes, presentation and MCQ's for the continuous evaluation, the theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the knowledge to practical factual scenarios.

Mid Term Examination: 25% Final Examination: 50% Coursework: 25%

13 Synopsis

. Students will be familiar with:

- f) Analysing the techniques of financial appraisal in a series of decision-making contexts.
- g) Providing a detailed examination of the principles of financial management and financial reporting and their links with accounting, economic and organisational theory, highlighting their links to corporate governance and stakeholder institutions.
- h) Enabling stakeholders to acquire an understanding of company performance through the analysis of financial reports, whilst critiquing their usefulness for the needs of stakeholders.
- i) The examination of the sources of finance and mechanisms for financial planning in a variety of organisations, together with a range of financial management tools and concepts available to managers to facilitate financial decision-making.
- j) A foundation of knowledge and understanding as a basis for further in-depth study of financial modules or the dissertation.

14 | Mode of Delivery

- Lecture
 - Tutorial
 - Case studies

Type of		Word Length	Duration				
Assessment	Weighting						
Assignment	25%	2000 – 3000 word	Week 17				
		count					
Examination		-	1 st Intake (January)				
Mid Term	25%		2 nd Intake (April)				
Final	50%		3 rd Intake (September)				

[MIS 201/202] Management Information System

1.	Name of Course: Management Information Systems								
2.	Course Code: MIS201/202								
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ho Koh Ming								
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: Recently more and more students opt to pursue Law degree with the intention of not pursuing legal field but to enhance their career opportunity in areas of business, banking, marketing, Insurance and Management. The student will transfer to UK Universities for the final year LLB and Business Degree qualification (double degree). This is a non- qualifying degree which will not enable the student to practice as a legal practitioner in Malaysia.								
5.	Semester and Ye	ear offe	red: Year 2	? Semest	er 3				
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)	Learning Time Face to Face Self- Student Learning Time Learning Time							
	L= Lecture	L	T	Sem	0				
	T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam			1	MID 3 FINAL 3 C/W 7				
	Total Hours	42	28	5	13	112	200		
7.	Credit value: 5								
8.	Prerequisite (if a	any): - N	Nil						
9.	Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to provide students with the knowledge and skill of analysis of MIS processes in today's business environment. Information systems play a critical role in almost every organization. Information systems not only perform routine functions in organizations, but increasingly often they are critical to the organization's achievement of its strategic long term goals. It is therefore essential that managers, professionals, and those serving in many other capacities be fluent in the language of information systems and understand the role that information systems play in organizations.								

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	Helps organizations facilitate the collection, recording, organization, retrieval, and dissemination of knowledge. This may include documents, accounting records, and unrecorded procedures, practices and skills.
2.	Application and problem solving	Provide an organization with integrated software modules and a unified database which enable efficient planning, managing, and controlling of all core business processes across multiple locations.
3.	Sources and research	You learn through two inter-related methods. Firstly, using a range of specially-written study materials, case studies, original texts, study guides and assignments and through a range of multi-media material. Secondly, you are allocated a tutor who grades and comments on your work, and arranges and runs tutorials, face to face or online.
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	 Able to understanding: management concepts principles and skills from a people, finance, marketing and organisational perspectives the development of appropriate organisational policies and strategies within a changing context to meet stakeholder interests information systems as they relate to organisational contexts and how to learn from failure key tools and techniques for the analysis and design of information systems, including their human and organisational as well as technical aspects
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	The programme materials and support from lecturers helps develop your skills in managing your own learning. In particular, many of the modules expect you to work largely under your own direction and initiative. You are expected to reflect on your own performance, identify your own learning needs and develop appropriate learning strategies.
6.	Communication and literacy	As student, plan, monitor and evaluate your own learning and seek ways to improve performance. With all the above you will be able to communicate effectively using appropriate media, find, critically evaluate and use information or data in complex contexts and deepen understanding of problematic situations and develop techniques for their improvement.
7.	Other Skills	 Ability to: continuously improve the people, activities, operations and units being managed learn through reflection on practice and experience demonstrate the ability to think and work originally exercise own judgement about the value of knowledge and information

• solve problems by identifying and analysing issues to
determine the optimal practical solutions to improve IS
performance

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

- Appreciate the roles, manage and use the services of employed consultants and contractors;
- Effectively lead and motivate individuals, and project, programme or portfolio teams to achieve organisational goals;
- Communicate effectively both orally and in writing, using a range of media and work effectively in groups.

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework - 25%

Examination - 75%

13. Synopsis:

Students will be familiar with

- A study of the growing strategic importance of information systems and how the developments in telecommunications and the Internet, digital integration, and decision support are fundamentally transforming the way organisations conduct their business activities.
- Managing the essential information technologies, system development and end-user computing.
- The relationship of the management information system to shared information resources.

14. | Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

TOTAL	100%	
Final	75%	
Courseworkk	25%	

[BC 201/202] Business Communication

1.	Name of Course: Business Communication								
2.	Course Code: BC201/202								
3.	Name(s) of Academic Staff: Ms Elfleda Lopez								
4.	Rationale for the inclusion of the course in the programme: As effective communication is essential in the world of business, this course will aid students to acquire the right skills in order to succeed in this area. The course has been designed to prepare students to communicate effectively in today's fast growing global workplace. The course covers business writing, oral presentations, verbal communications, group presentations, and report writing.								
5.	Semester and Ye Year 2	ear offe	red:						
6.	Total Students Learning Time (SLT)	earning Time Face to Face Self- Student Learning Time							
	L= Lecture T= Tutorial C= Coursework E= Exam	L	Т	Sem	O MIDE TERM 3 FINAL 3 C/W 7				
	Total Hours	42	28	5	13	112	200		
7.	Credit value: 5								
8.	Prerequisite (if a	iny): - N	Nil						
9.	scope and impo	f the co	in busines	s, and th	dents a comprehens ne role of communion, as well as an effec	cation in estal	blishing a		

10. Module Learning Outcomes:

	Learning outcome	Specific Outcomes
1.	Knowledge	 Understand the function of business communication Achieving success through effective business communication Mastering team and interpersonal communication Communicating in a world of diversity
2.	Application and problem solving	 To plan business messages To write business messages To complete business messages
3.	Sources and research	 Crafting message for Electronic media Writing routine and positive messages Writing negative messages Writing persuasive messages
4.	Analysis, synthesis, critical judgement and evaluation	 Finding, evaluating and processing information Designing visual communications
5.	Autonomy and ability to learn	 Planning reports and proposals Writing reports and proposals Completing report and proposals
6.	Communication and literacy	 Developing oral and online presentation Enhancing presentation with slides and other visuals
7.	Other Skills	 Building careers and writing resume Applying and interviewing for employment

11. Transferable skills:

Skills and how they are developed and assessed, Project and practical experience and internship

To analyses the real life case study such as:

- i) Communication close-up at Mercedes-AMG
- ii) Communication close-up at Southwest Airline
- iii) Communication challenges at Tellabs
- iv) Communication challenges at Xplane

12. Teaching-learning and Assessment strategy

Theoretical knowledge will be assessed at the end of the module by examination (75%). The examination will consist of a mixture of descriptive, analytical and application questions, taking the form of essay style questions, which place emphasis on the students' demonstrating analytical skills; and problem style questions, which assess the students' ability to apply the law to practical factual scenarios

Assessment Strategy:

Coursework – 25% Mid Term Examination - 25% Final Examination – 50%

13. Synopsis:

- Vital communication skills
- Business messages
- Finding, evaluating, and processing information
- Visual communication
- Writing reports and proposals
- Presentation

14. Mode of delivery:

Lectures and tutorials

TOTAL	100%
Coursework	25%
Final Exam	50%
Mid Term Exam	25%

Teaching Information:

Primary module instructor

<u>LECTURER</u>	Subjects taught	EMAIL ADDRESS
MR. PETER THOO	 Accounting & Business Environment 1 Accounting & Business Environment 2 	peterthoo@yahoo.com
MS. LAVINIA	ManagementOperations Management	Lavinia@bac.edu.my
MR. RAYMOND	➤ Marketing Management	Raymond@bac.edu.my
DR. CHANTHENEY	Basic Business Statistics 1Basic Business Statistics 2	chantheney@gmail.com
MS. LOPEZ	Organisational Behaviour	elfleda@bac.edu.my
MS. RENUKA	MicroeconomicsMacroeconomics	Renuka@bac.edu.my
MR. GOPAL	> Financial Management	gkrishna 99@yahoo.com
MR. GOBI	> Financial Management	Gobinathan@bac.edu.my
DR. RAKEN	Human ResourceManagement	raken@bac.edu.my
MR. HO	Management Information System	hokming@live.com
MR. KELVIN	 Accounting & Business Environment 1 Accounting & Business Environment 2 	Kelvin@bac.edu.my
MR. THAVANAYAGAM	Basic Business Statistics 1Basic Business Statistics 2	Thavanayagam@bac.edu.my

Student Learning Hours

Student learning hours for each hour of lectures and tutorials

Year/Semester	Subject	Student Learning
<u>reary semester</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Hours</u>
	Management	90
	Accounting & Business Environment 1	90
Year 1/ Sem 1	Microeconomics	90
	Marketing Management 1	90
	Basic Business Statistics 1	90
	Accounting & Business Environment 1	90
Vaar 1 / Cam 2	Microeconomics	90
Year 1/ Sem 2	Marketing Management 1	90
	Basic Business Statistics 1	90
Year 1/ Sem 3	Organisation Behaviour	90
	Financial Management 1	90
Year 2/ Sem 1	Strategic Management	112
	Human Resource Management	112
	Financial Management 2	90
Year 2/ Sem 2	Operations Management	112
	Management Information System	112
Year 2/ Sem 3	Business Communications	112

List of key texts.

Year 1	
<u>Subject</u>	<u>Books</u>
Economics	Economics, 12th Edition.Michael Parkin, University of
	Western Ontario ©2016 Pearson
Management	Management with MyManagementLab: Global Edition, 11/E
	Stephen Robbins
Marketing Management	Marketing Management with MyMarketingLab: Global
	Edition, 14/E Philip Kotler ,Kevin Lane Keller
Basic Business Statistics	Basic Business Statistics Concepts and Applications, 13/E
	Mark Berenson, David Levine, Kathryn Szabat
Accounting & Business Environment	Financial & Managerial Accounting
	Charles T. Horngren, Stanford University
	Walter T. Harrison, Jr., Baylor University
	M. Suzanne Oliver, University of West Florida
Organisational Behaviour	Organizational Behavior with MyManagementLab: Global
	Edition, 14/E,Stephen Robbins,Timothy Judge
	YEAR 2
<u>Subject</u>	<u>Books</u>
Operation Management	Nigel Slack, 2011. Essentials of Operations Management with
	Myomla, Edition.
	Pearson / Education.
Strategic Management	Strategic Management with MyManagementLab: Global
	Edition, 13/E
	Fred David
Human Resource Management	Dessler, G, 2014, Human Resource Management Global
	Edition, 14/E, Pearson Higher Education, United Kingdom
Financial Management	Financial Management: Principles and Applications:
	International Edition, 11/E
	Sheridan Titman, University of Texas at Austin
	John D. Martin, Baylor University
	Arthur J. Keown, Virginia Polytechnic Instit. and State
	University
Business Communication	University Business Communication Today: Global Edition, 11/E
Business Communication	·
Business Communication	Business Communication Today: Global Edition, 11/E
Business Communication Management Information System	Business Communication Today: Global Edition, 11/E Courtland Bovee
	Business Communication Today: Global Edition, 11/E Courtland Bovee John Thill

The UKTB book list

List of books that is provided to students:

UK TRANSFER DEGREE (BUSINESS)				
Year 1				
Economics – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Economics – Workbook				
Organisational Behavior – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Organisational Behavior – Workbook				
Management – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial : Management – Workbook				
Marketing Management – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Marketing Management – Workbook				
Year 2				
Human Resource Management – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Human Resource Management – Workbook				
Strategic Management – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Strategic Management – Workbook				
Operations Management – Study Manual				
Given During Tutorial: Operations Management – Workbook				
Business Communication – Study Manual				

General Guidelines

Referencing style for coursework

Candidates are required to submit their assignments in the following format:

Typed, printed and stapled and taped together

- a. (Note: Fancy binding, graphics and colored papers are NOT required)
- b. Text and Footnotes font type: Calibri
- c. Text Font Size: 12
- d. Footnotes Font Size: 10 e. Text must be 'Justified'
- f. Line spacing: 1.5
- g. Assignments should be printed on ONLY ONE side of the A4 sized paper.
- h. Word count should not exceed 3000 words. An allowance of +/- 100 words is allowed.
- 3. Every coursework submitted must include:
- a. Coloured instructions page given by the college Coursework question (found behind the instructions page)
- c. Candidate's answer together with Bibliography and Footnotes2
- d. Word count (soon after the final line of the coursework)
- e. Bibliography
- 4. The following are optional and may be included where applicable butare NOT mandatory (they should be used MODERATELY):
- a. Contents page
- b. A SEPARATE section for Table of Statutes and Table of Cases.

This should be in alphabetical order.

- c. Breakdown of Chapters, Headings and Sub-headings
- d. Relevant Appendices and Annexures
- e. Diagrams, Charts, Tables or Pictures
- 5. Assignments will NOT be assessed and will be returned to the candidate if \cdot
- a. the candidates name is stated on the assignment;
- b. no references (footnotes and bibliography) are provided in the assignment (See footnote 2 above for more details)
- c. the assignment is not accompanied with the instructions page stating the candidate's IC and ID numbers.

Grading criteria

What we are looking for in the 'classes'

Bearing in mind the need to see grades in the context of the aims and learning outcome of the module, we set out briefly below the qualities we are looking for in awarding different classifications to particular pieces of work. It may be helpful to see the lower second class as the starting point, since this grade is awarded to sound work of good overall quality. Achieving a higher result requires something extra - and this will usually be found in the quality of analysis and criticism, in the presentation of a sustained and coherent argument, and in your approach to the topic. On the other hand, work which falls short of the lower second class standard contains some significant deficiencies, as indicated below:

MARKS RANGE	<u>CRITERIA</u>				
90-100%	The work of exemplary and superlative qualities. It shows complete awareness of the dimensions of the topic and of competing analyses, coupled with a degree of individuality, imagination and insight giving the work a personal stamp. Key theoretical, methodological or policy debates are discussed comprehensively, and source material is treated critically and located within this broader framework of debate. The descriptive and informational content is accurate, relevant and complete, drawing on a comprehensive wide range of material. Any data are excellently presented, and - for essays, projects and the dissertation - the referencing and bibliography completely comply with the standards set out in this Handbook. The work also demonstrates excellent evidence of intellectual ambition.				
80%-89%	The work is outstanding and shows comprehensive awareness of the dimensions of the topic and of competing analyses, coupled with a degree of individuality, imagination and insight giving the work a personal stamp. Key theoretical, methodological or policy debates are discussed, and source material is treated critically and located within this broader framework of debate. The descriptive and informational content is accurate and comprehensive, drawing on a comprehensive wide range of material. Any data are well presented, and - for essays, projects and the dissertation - the referencing and bibliography comply with the standards set out in this Handbook. The work also demonstrates clear evidence of intellectual ambition.				
75%-79%	The work is excellent and shows clear awareness of the dimensions of the topic and of competing analyses, coupled with a degree of individuality, imagination and insight. Key theoretical, methodological or policy debates are discussed, and source material is treated critically and located within this broader framework of debate. The descriptive and informational content is accurate and relevant, drawing on an appropriately wide range of material. Any data are well presented, and - for essays, projects and the dissertation - the referencing and bibliography comply with the standards set out in this Handbook.				

70%-74%	Work of upper second class standard is characterised by its good quality of problem definition, analysis and criticism, with some recognition of broader theoretical, methodological or policy issues. Source material is treated critically. Concepts are defined, important distinctions are drawn, classifications are evaluated, and the treatment of any correlations and causal links is precise. Coverage of the topic is good, and the material is accurate and relevant. The argument is well structured and clear, with no significant confusion. Any data are well presented, and - for essays, projects and the dissertation - the referencing and bibliography comply with the standards set out in this Handbook.
65%-69%	Work of lower second class standard is characterised by sound coverage of the topic, with good descriptive content and largely accurate and relevant material. The treatment, however, is dependent on the sources, and critical appraisal is underdeveloped. Analysis lacks depth; for example, some key concepts are not defined, some important distinctions are not drawn, classifications are oversimplified, and the treatment of correlations and causal links is limited. The argument is nevertheless clear and sound, with no significant confusion. The presentation of any data, and - for essays, projects and the dissertation - the bibliography and referencing are good, with only minor problems if any.
60%-64%	Work of third class standard is characterised by adequate coverage of the topic, but with significant flaws in other areas. Most of the material presented is shown to be relevant to the topic, though there may be a few significant inaccuracies. Source material is treated uncritically, and analysis is flawed or non-existent. The structure of the argument is weak, with some confusion or lack of logic. The presentation of any data may be poor, and for essays, projects and the dissertation - there may be deficiencies in bibliography and referencing, such as missing items, and incomplete or inaccurate references.
55% - 59%	The work falls short of the standard required. Coverage of the topic is inadequate and important source material is missing. A substantial amount of material is not shown to be relevant to the question or topic. Some inaccuracies and confusions are displayed. Source material is treated uncritically, and analysis is unsatisfactory or non-existent. The argument is unsatisfactorily structured, confused or illogical. There may be serious inadequacies in bibliography and referencing - for essays, projects and the dissertation - such as missing items, and incomplete or inaccurate references.
50% - 54%	The work is of poor quality. Coverage of the topic is incomplete and important source material is missing. A substantial amount of material is not shown to be relevant to the question or topic. Major inaccuracies and confusions are displayed. Source material is given a cursory treatment, and analysis is poor. The argument is poorly structured, confused or illogical.

	The work is unacceptable. Coverage of the topic is extremely incomplete and
	important source material is seriously lacking. A substantial amount of
0% - 49%	material is not shown to be relevant to the question or topic. Major
070 - 4970	inaccuracies and confusions are displayed. Source material is given a cursory
	treatment, and analysis is non-existent. The argument is poorly structured,
	confused or illogical. Bibliography and referencing - for essays, projects and
	the dissertation – are completely missing.

Study guidelines.

Introduction to Note Taking

Note taking is an essential learning skill for college students to implement during and outside of class time. The notes recorded during a class lecture should be compiled of the important facts or ideas presented by the lecturer and tutors. Implementing a system of note taking is important for several reasons.

First, the faculty member may be presenting supplemental material not found in your text book but critical for you to learn in order to make a connection to prior knowledge or introduce new material within your textbook.

Secondly, the information presented within a lecture may be used for future assessments (quizzes, exams, reflection papers).

Finally, a system of good note taking is an important study strategy.

Actively listening and taking notes during class increases the retention of the material. Reviewing the notes immediately after class to add additional points or to generate questions for clarification creates opportunity for additional retention and understanding. Effective note taking skills will assist in preparing for exams and future knowledge base of material.

Getting Organized

A 3-ring binder is usually the most organized system for note taking. This allows you to place your syllabi in the front, insert handouts by date, and add notes as needed. It also allows you to remove sections of notes and place them side by side to create a "big picture" view of a main point, chapter, or section.

Before Class

Effective note taking begins prior to class by creating a framework of reference. This strategy provides familiarity with terms, ideas and concepts discussed in lecture and leads to an active role in your own learning.

- Determine the lecture topic and review past readings and notes
- Complete readings assigned to lecture topics and preview any other auxiliary material (Power Point presentation, video clips, etc...)
- Prepare questions you may have from the readings

During Class

Depending on the type of class and personal learning style, you will develop your own method of taking notes. Here are some guidelines and methods to assist with the process:

- · Date your notes
- · Keep the objective/theme of the class in mind
- Record notes in your own words
- Make your notes brief
- If you fall behind, stop. Make a mark in your notebook, listen for a few minutes until you feel caught up, then begin taking notes again. It is better to listen and get the information later.

Three Common Note Taking Methods:

Cornell Method

The Cornell Method is a systematic and simple method for note taking that breaks the note page into three sections to allow for organized recording and review. You can use it while reading your text or taking lecture notes.

Outlining

Record main ideas to the left of the page. Indent more specific information underneath and further indent examples.

Charting

Charting is a good strategy for courses that require comparison/contrast of specific dates, places, people, events, importance and how the information relates.

After Class

To solidify your understanding and connect new concepts with previous concepts, review your notes as soon as possible following class.

- Immediately after class, remain in the classroom or find a quiet space close by and review notes.
- Connect with another member of the class and create an interactive discussion about the lecture.
- Visit your professor during office hours with questions. Be specific, state what you understand and ask if you missed any important concepts.
- Instead of recopying your notes, record yourself reviewing what you wrote.
 Speaking out loud is an interactive process that leads to a more in depth understanding. Additionally, you will have a recording that can be played back.

Additional Resources

Reference List

Thum, C. (Producer). (1996) Academic Success Videos. *Notetaking*. Video retrieved from http://www.dartmouth.edu/~acskills/videos/video nt.html

Note Taking. Video retrieved from http://www.byui.edu/academic-support-centers/study-skills/study-skills-videos/note-taking

Learning Strategies.

Effective Note Taking. Video retrieved from http://web2.scranton.edu/ctle-utorials/videos/note-taking/note-taking.html

- Guidelines for main assessment techniques,
- Rationale and use of Turnitin software (if applicable),
- Coursework guidelines.

Candidates are required to submit their assignments in the following format: Typed, printed and stapled and taped together

- a. (Note: Fancy binding, graphics and colored papers are NOT required)
- b. Text and Footnotes font type: Calibri
- c. Text Font Size: 12
- d. Footnotes Font Size: 10 e. Text must be 'Justified'
- f. Line spacing: 1.5
- g. Assignments should be printed on ONLY ONE side of the A4 sized paper.
- h. Word count should not exceed 3000 words. An allowance of +/- 100 words is allowed.

Every coursework submitted must include:

- a. Coloured instructions page given by the college. The word count does NOT include the Footnotes and Bibliography.
- b. Coursework question (found behind the instructions page)
- c. Candidate's answer together with Bibliography and Footnotes
- d. Word count (soon after the final line of the coursework)
- e. Bibliography
- 4. The following are optional and may be included where applicable but are NOT mandatory (they should be used MODERATELY):
 - a. Contents page
 - b. A SEPARATE section for Table of Statutes and Table of Cases. This should be in alphabetical order.
 - c. Breakdown of Chapters, Headings and Sub-headings
 - d. Relevant Appendices and Annexures
 - e. Diagrams, Charts, Tables or Pictures
 - 5. Assignments will NOT be assessed and will be returned to the candidate if:
 - a. the candidates name is stated on the assignment;

- b. no references (footnotes and bibliography) are provided in the assignment
- c. the assignment is not accompanied with the instructions page stating the candidate's IC and ID numbers.

Information on Academic Resources

Library facilities.

Students can access the BAC E Resources vide the college website of through the CMS. Currently we have the following E Resources made available to the student:

- Westlaw
- Lexis Nexis
- Myilibrary
- Ebrary
- Proquest
- > AZ Online

IT facilities.

We have implemented our **BAC-student-WIFI High speed Network** across the BAC PJ and KL Campus for your convenience. We would appreciate your kind assistance with our implementation and use the internet by logging on to the following network.

- > BAC-Student-net-1 from floors 1-5
- **BAC-Student-net-2** from floors 6-11
- **▶** BAC1-Student-net-1 − KL Campus
- **▶** BAC-Teachers- Net for Teachers

Once you connect to the SSID, you will be redirected to BAC Login page to enter the following credentials.

Students Login (unique IDs for each of the BAC student and teachers)

User Name	IC number
Password	IC number

Those who are unable to login, Kindly use the following temporary Access listed below and report to your **coordinator** or contact below mentioned contacts of BAC IT support.

Imthiyaz- HP 0183851354

Chandra- HP 0162379202

Temporary Students Login

User Name	bacstudent
Password	bacstudent#

Health and Safety

- 1. The College is committed to providing a safe and healthy environment for students and staff. It is expected also that staff and students themselves will follow the information, instruction and training provided and will adhere to the policies and procedures developed for their own protection.
- 2. The OSHA places a legal obligation on both staff and students to ensure their own safety and that of their colleagues. Failure to do so, placing themselves or others at risk, will render them subject to disciplinary action. It should be noted that it is a criminal offence to interfere with or misuse anything provided for health and safety purposes, including fire alarms, extinguishers, first-aid boxes, guards on machineries and safety signs.
- 3. Details of the arrangements that apply in emergency situations such as fire and fire evacuation, first aid and accident and incident reporting, are to be found in the policy and procedure/code of practice documents that support the College Health and Safety Policy. Students will be informed of the detailed procedures to follow during departmental inductions, and copies are available from departmental offices.
- 4. It is one of the responsibilities of Heads of Department to ensure that students receive appropriate safety training. This will vary from department to department, depending on the nature of particular disciplines and courses.

All students must:

- (a) take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves and of other persons who may be affected by their acts or omissions;
- (b) co-operate with all members of staff in maintaining the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act and all other safety regulations affecting the College;
- (c) not interfere with, intentionally or recklessly, or misuse anything provided in the interests of health and safety at the College;
- (d) wear, where appropriate, suitable protective clothing;

- (e) Observe departmental health and safety requirements, which are set out in Student Handbooks, with particular regard to laboratory equipment and materials, and to activities undertaken outside the College.
- (f) It is also important that students observe the health and safety policies and procedures in the Students' Union and in the Union's clubs, societies and recreational activities. There are requirements laid down in relation to certain sports and activities to conduct risk assessments and to observe specific safety rules.
- (g) Students are forbidden to carry out any repairs, or to fit plugs to any electrical appliances, unless they have been authorised to do so by a member of staff. No appliances may be connected to an electrical system by means other than the correct plug or connection. Students who bring mains-operated electrical appliances onto College premises, or use them there, must see that they are in safe condition and fused correctly. The Director of Facilities Management retains the right of inspection and confiscation of items found to be unsafe.
- (h) It is forbidden for students to interfere with any electrical or power operated appliance, with electrical power, water or service equipment, or to install any extra electrical wiring.

9. Emergencies

Important safety information will be posted on notices from time to time and may, for example, relate to fire evacuation, illness, or chemical spillage. These notices should be read and any instruction followed, addressing any query to the originator of the document or the departmental office.

10. First aid

All departments have lists of qualified first aiders, and notices are displayed with their telephone numbers and the location of first aid boxes. Disciplinary regulations Disciplinary action will be considered against anyone who does not follow health and safety rules

Student Supports

Lecture and Tutorial service

For each and every subject that you are taught the lecturers and the tutors together or individually will explain to you the demands of the subjects. You should attend the induction course and failing which it is essential that you speak to the lecturers and or the tutors to identify how to best excel in the subject. However please take note of the general guideline given above for note taking.

Student Counselling Service

BAC has in-house Registered Counsellors to assist students who, from time to time, may require some help with handling the stresses of student life. Counselling is offered in a private and confidential setting to explore the difficulties faced by an individual student, referred to as the client. The counsellor does not provide an instant or magical solution. Instead, the counsellor and client seek to understand the situation or issue together and come up with possible solutions. In this context, counselling is defined as 'helping people to help themselves'.

The counsellor will also be able to provide emotional support by allowing you to express your feelings and fears. The counsellor will not tell you what to do, but may help you see things from a different point of view and find your own way through a difficult patch.

Contrary to popular belief, needing counselling does not mean 'You're losing it'. It simply means you are taking responsibility for your situation and trying to make things better, which is seen as a sign of maturity and healthy development. Please feel free to approach the Front Desk (KL/PJ) to enquire about this service.

Learning Support and Development.

A Personal Development Plan (PDP) enables learners/students to identify key areas of learning and development activity that will enable them to either acquire new or develop existing skills and behavioural attributes for the following purposes:

- enhance performance in their current role
- address anticipated changes in their current role
- address career aspirations towards a future role

Prior to completing the Personal Development Plan (scroll down to next page(s) for a template to complete), the learner/student should undertake a skills analysis activity to determine their learning and development needs and identify development objectives to meet those needs.

BAC recommend that the personal development planning process should be undertaken initially by the learner followed by discussion and agreement with their lecturer and or tutor.

The personal development planning process should ideally begin at the point at which the learner is new to their role and undertaking their induction. The process can then continue throughout their employment at the University. Development Objectives are objectives that you have identified to enable you to meet the learning and development needs identified at the skills analysis stage

Priority identifies whether your development objective is:

- critical to your current role
- beneficial but non-critical to your current role
- critical to your progressing in to future role
- beneficial but non-critical to progressing in to future role

Activities can constitute any learning or development activity that will enable you to achieve your development objectives e.g. formal training, on-the-job training, work-shadowing another colleague etc.

Support/Resources describe what you need to help you achieve your development objectives. Typically this would involve support from your lecturer, department or colleague to enable you to undertake a learning or development activity such as allowing you time away from your role or funding from your department.

Target and Actual dates state when you intend to achieve your development objectives followed by the date you actually achieve them. Data in these columns is particularly useful when you review your PDP as it will enable you to identify any factors that may have prevented you from achieving your development objectives on the target date and build in contingencies to prevent this from occurring in the future.

Review date states when you will review progress on your Personal Development Plan. Assuming that you undergo the personal development process annually, we recommend that you review your PDP every six months therefore enabling you to:

- Assess your progress
- Reflect on your learning
- Identify whether your development objectives need to be amended
- Identify factors that may have prevented you from achieving your development objectives
- Build in contingencies to enable you (where possible) to meet your agreed target date in the future

Personal Development Plan: Template

	What are my development objectives?	Priority	What activities do I need to undertake to achieve my objectives?	What support/resources do I need to achieve my objectives	Target date for achieving my objectives	Actual date of achieving my objectives
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
	Review date:					

Disability Service.

Brickfields Asia College is committed to creating an accessible learning community where individuals with disabilities have an equal opportunity to pursue their educational goals, limited only by their abilities, not their disabilities. Ability Services strives to empower students, foster independence, and promote achievement of the student's career and educational goals.

BAC is responsible for arranging reasonable accommodations for all qualified students with a documented disability (e.g. physical, learning, psychiatric, vision, hearing, etc.) to ensure equal access to all programs and activities at the College.

Careers Advisory Service

The Career Centre- Connecting Education and Careers

The Career Centre firmly believes that every aspect of a holistic educational experience should propel students towards their future. As such the centre helps students identify and fulfill their future goals and aspirations by providing innovative and comprehensive in-house programmes and resources for career development, internships and employment.

The Career Centre reinforces classroom learning with real world experience by facilitating connections with business, social communities and employers. Students are encouraged to participate in career fairs, career talks, industry related competitions and upskilling workshops.

"The Career Club" of The Career Centre is formed to horne students' leadership skills by empowering them with the running of the career centre under the flagship of mentors who are lecturers and experts in their own field.